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# CARROLL COLLEGE BULLETIN



The Annual Catalogue

1917-1918

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Waukesha, Wisconsin

April, 1918

JUN 1 1918



# Carroll College Bulletin

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Vol. XV

No. 2

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## The Annual Catalogue

For the Academic  
Year of 1917-1918  
With Announcements for the Year  
of 1918-1919

Waukesha, Wisconsin

April, 1918

Published bi-monthly by the College, and entered at the Postoffice, Waukesha,  
Wisconsin, as second-class matter, under Act of  
Congress of July 16, 1894.

THE FRANKLIN CO. CHM.

You are given a cropped image of a single layout block and an initial HTML representation of the block based on the image.
 The image shows a calendar for the first quarter of 1997, from January to March.
 The initial HTML represents the content of the image, but it contains several errors that you must correct:

- The initial HTML uses a single `<table>` tag for the entire calendar, which is incorrect. Each month should be a separate table.
- The initial HTML uses `<th>` tags for the days of the week, but the image shows the days of the week as part of the header row for each month.
- The initial HTML uses `<td>` tags for the dates, but the image shows the dates as part of the body rows for each month.
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## Calendar for 1918-1919

1918

<i>January 2</i> , Wednesday, 8 A. M.	Christmas recess ends.
<i>February 1</i> , Friday	First semester ends.
<i>February 4</i> , Monday	Second semester begins.
<i>May 26</i> , Sunday, 4 P. M.	Farewell Vesper Service.
<i>May 26</i> , Sunday, 8 P. M.	Baccalaureate Sermon.
<i>May 27</i> , Monday	Examinations begin.
<i>May 28</i> , Tuesday, 8 P. M.	Recital by the Department of Music.
<i>May 29</i> , Wednesday	Meeting of the Board of Trustees.
<i>May 29</i> , Wednesday, 8 P. M.	Presentation of College Play.
<i>May 30</i> , Thursday, 11 A. M.	Final Chapel Service.
<i>May 30</i> , Thursday, 3 P. M.	Class Day and May Day Exercises.
<i>May 30</i> , Thursday, 8 P. M.	Recital by the Department of Music.
<i>May 31</i> , Friday, 10 A. M.	Commencement Exercises.
<i>May 31</i> , Friday, 1 P. M.	Alumni Dinner.

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<i>September 16, 17</i> , Monday and Tuesday, 9 to 12 A. M.; 1 to 4 P. M.	Registration.
<i>September 18</i> , Wednesday, 10 A. M.	First semester begins.
<i>November 28</i>	Thanksgiving.
<i>December 20</i> , Friday, 4 P. M.	Christmas recess begins.



1919

<i>January 2, Thursday, 8 A. M.</i>	Christmas recess ends.
<i>January 29, Wednesday</i>	First semester ends.
<i>January 30, Thursday</i>	Second semester begins.
<i>March 26, Wednesday, 4 P. M.</i>	Spring recess begins.
<i>April 1, Tuesday, 8 A. M.</i>	Spring recess ends.
<i>June 1, Sunday, 4 P. M.</i>	Farewell Vesper Service.
<i>June 1, Sunday, 8 P. M.</i>	Baccalaureate Sermon.
<i>June 2, Monday</i>	Examinations begin.
<i>June 3, Tuesday, 8 P. M.</i>	Recital by the Department of Music.
<i>June 4, Wednesday</i>	Meeting of the Board of Trustees.
<i>June 4, Wednesday, 8 P. M.</i>	Presentation of College Play.
<i>June 5, Thursday, 11 A. M.</i>	Final Chapel Service.
<i>June 5, Thursday, 3 P. M.</i>	Class Day and May Day Exercises.
<i>June 5, Thursday, 8 P. M.</i>	Recital by the Department of Music.
<i>June 6, Friday, 10 A. M.</i>	Commencement Exercises.
<i>June 6, Friday, 1 P. M.</i>	Alumni Dinner.



## The Board of Trustees

### TERM EXPIRES 1919

CHARLES E. BOVARD, D.D.	Waukesha
SAMUEL B. HARDING	Waukesha
ALFRED S. BADGER, D.D.	Waukesha
S. FRANK SHATTUCK	Neenah
JOHN G. GREDLER	Waukesha
ALBERT J. MCCARTNEY, D.D.	Chicago, Ill.

### TERM EXPIRES 1920

D. JENKINS WILLIAMS, Ph.D.	Wausau
REV. JOHN DAVIES	Racine
RALPH PERCY PERRY	Reedsburg
MISS MARTHA WEEK	Stevens Point
FRED C. COMSTOCK	Milwaukee
WILLIAM H. EDWARDS	Milwaukee

### TERM EXPIRES 1921

THEODORE J. ROTH	Superior
THOMAS S. JOHNSON, D.D.	Beaver Dam
JACOB MORTENSON	Oak Park, Ill.
ANDREW J. FRAME, LL.D.	Waukesha
ARTHUR W. WILCOX	Horicon
ARTHUR B. HALL	Chicago, Ill.

### TERM EXPIRES 1922

PAUL B. JENKINS, D.D.	Milwaukee
WILLIAM W. PERRY, LL.D.	Milwaukee
HENRY M. YOUMANS	Waukesha
WALTER H. BISSELL	Wausau
WILLIAM MAINLAND	Oshkosh
HON. WILLIAM D. CONNOR	Marshfield

PRESIDENT HERBERT PIERPONT HOUGHTON, Ph.D.

## Officers and Committees of the Board of Trustees

### OFFICERS

WILLIAM W. PERRY, LL.D.	President
ALFRED S. BADGER, D.D.	Vice-President
JOHN G. GREDLER	Secretary
WALTER R. FRAME	Treasurer

### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

WILLIAM W. PERRY, LL.D.	ANDREW J. FRAME, LL.D.
HERBERT P. HOUGHTON, Ph.D.	ALFRED S. BADGER, D.D.
WILLIAM H. EDWARDS	HENRY M. YOUMANS
CHARLES E. BOVARD, D.D.	

### FINANCE COMMITTEE

WILLIAM MAINLAND	ANDREW J. FRAME, LL.D.
FRED C. COMSTOCK	HON. WILLIAM D. CONNOR
JACOB MORTENSON	

### INSTRUCTION COMMITTEE

ALFRED S. BADGER, D.D.	S. FRANK SHATTUCK
PAUL B. JENKINS, D.D.	FRED C. COMSTOCK
CHARLES E. BOVARD, D.D.	

### AUDITING COMMITTEE

HENRY M. YOUMANS	JOHN G. GREDLER
------------------	-----------------

### VISITING COMMITTEE OF THE SYNOD OF WISCONSIN

SAMUEL N. WILSON, D.D.	REV. CHARLES H. EVANS
------------------------	-----------------------

The corporate name of the college is  
THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CARROLL COLLEGE.

## The Faculty

HERBERT PIERPONT HOUGHTON, Ph.D., Johns Hopkins

\*PRESIDENT

Professor of Greek

SAMUEL B. RAY, M.A., L.H.D.

DEAN AND ACTING PRESIDENT

Professor of Education and Mathematics

MAY NICKELL RANKIN, B.A.

Ralph Voorhees Professor of Public Speaking and  
Dramatic Literature

HARRY LINN STARR, M.A.

Professor of English

JAMES ELCANA ROGERS, Ph.D., Liège

Professor of Philosophy and Romance Languages

LLOYD SLOTE DANCEY, M.A.

Professor of Physics and Applied Mathematics

EDWIN LEODGAR THEISS, Ph.D., Chicago

Professor of Latin and History

GEORGE KEMMERER, Ph.D., Pennsylvania

Professor of Chemistry

JOHN SCOTT CLELAND, Ph.D., Pittsburgh

†Professor of History and Economics

JOHN EARL GUBERLET, Ph.D., Illinois

Professor of Biology and Geology

\*Dr. Houghton will assume the presidency of Carroll College,  
July 1, 1918.

†On leave of absence in military service.

## CARROLL COLLEGE

GRANT STROH, B.A.

Professor of Biblical Literature

CLARENCE E. SHEPARD

Professor of Music: Piano, History of Music, and Theory

GENEVRA JOHNSTONE-BISHOP

Professor of Music: Voice

EDWARD S. DOWELL, M.A.

Acting Professor of History and Economics

BLANCHE WILLSON

Instructor in Music: Piano, Mandolin, and Guitar

GERTRUDE SYDNE BEAN, B.A.

Librarian, and Instructor in English

JOHN EDMUND FRIES, B.A.

Instructor in Mathematics, and Physical Director

AGNES YOUNG TUCKER, B.A.

ACTING DEAN OF WOMEN

Instructor in German

ALICE PALMER MORRIS, B.A., B.O.

Instructor in English, and Assistant in the Library

---

  
Instructor in Home Economics

VERA ELIZABETH VINCENT

Laboratory Assistant in Biology

GWYNIFRED JANE BIBBY

Assistant in the Library

LEWIS W. HERZOG

Laboratory Assistant in Chemistry

WALTER JOSEPH TANGHE  
Laboratory Assistant in Physics

MADELINE GERTRUDE WHITE  
Laboratory Assistant in Biology

MARGE FRANCES BIRSACK  
Assistant in the Library

ALICE EDITH BENSON  
Assistant in the Library

ROGER HAWKES LUECK  
Laboratory Assistant in Chemistry

## Other Officers

SAMUEL B. RAY, M.A., L.H.D.  
Registrar

HARRY LINN STARR, M.A.  
Secretary of the Faculty

LLOYD SLOTE DANCEY, M.A.  
Business Agent

\*MRS. LILLIAN CRAVEN  
Matron of Elizabeth Voorhees Hall

ELVIA J. ALBERTSON  
Secretary to the President

B. W. WATT  
Custodian

\*Deceased, April 8, 1918.

## COMMITTEES OF THE FACULTY

ADMINISTRATION AND CURRICULUM—Houghton, Ray, Starr,  
Kemmerer, Dancey.

LIBRARY—Houghton, Bean, Starr, Theiss.

GRADUATION—Ray, Theiss, Guberlet.

INSTRUCTION—Houghton, Dancey, Theiss, Guberlet.

PUBLICATION—Starr, Ray, Bean, Cleland.

PUBLIC EXERCISES—Theiss, Rogers, Rankin, Tucker.

RULES AND DISCIPLINE—Ray, Kemmerer, Dancey.

ATHLETICS—Dancey, Kemmerer, Fries, Dowell.

PROPERTY—Kemmerer, Fries, Stroh.

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS—Guberlet, Theiss, Kemmerer, Cleland.

SOCIAL AFFAIRS—Kemmerer, Tucker, Theiss, Guberlet, Dowell.

RELIGIOUS WORK AND CHRISTIAN ORGANIZATIONS—Houghton,  
Ray, Rogers, Stroh.

## CARROLL COLLEGE

"A college, according to the common definition, is the place where certain general studies are taught, such as mathematics, the humanities, the sciences." It is this. But it is far more than this. It is "an aggregate of influences which should act upon young men during the plastic years in such a way that on attaining manhood they may be able to confront the world with success." In this conception of the term, the college is a distinctively American institution. Its origin, and the determination of the nature of its development, are to be found in the conditions of American life and character, conditions demanding large vision, adaptability, power of initiative, combined with a high sense of personal responsibility.

### Advantages of the College

For the realization of these ends the college possesses distinct advantages. Here the student will do his work with classes of moderate size, with required recitations, and with examinations. He will be subject to the personal influence of his teachers, men and women chosen on the basis of sound scholarship, broad culture, and high character, and will receive from them such personal attention as is necessary for the development of his highest individual possibilities. Here he will find adequate equipment for his needs, and, at the same time, all the opportunities for study, for investigation, for culture, that he can successfully appropriate in his undergraduate course. The moderate size of the college community makes it possible for the individual student to comprehend, in his experience and opportunities for contact, all, or a very considerable portion of, the interests and activities of the institution, rather than a relatively small and isolated portion, as in the larger and more pretentious institutions. Hence it is that the graduates of the college have had so large a share in the leadership of our country.



## Purpose of Carroll College

It is the primary purpose of Carroll College to maintain and promote the idea of a broad, liberal culture, to direct its activities and methods toward the development of mind and character, the making of men and women, in all its plans and methods recognizing the principle that a broad foundation of general culture should precede all specialization and professional training, and that the successful life work of a scholar or man of affairs is conditioned on the symmetrical development of the whole man.

## Courses of Study

At the same time due recognition is given to the conditions and demands of contemporary life. Recent and prevailing tendencies in our educational system and ideals have thrown added emphasis upon the function of the college in the training of the individual for the service of society. The largely increased, and increasing, demands of professional and technical training, the need of greater adaptability and command of individual powers in commercial and industrial life, make the disciplinary and cultural training of the college increasingly necessary for success therein. The courses of study in Carroll College represent an attempt to preserve a just balance between studies of cultural and disciplinary character and those possessing an intrinsic practical value. The system of major and minor studies, of broad and representative required subjects, with large opportunities for elective work, makes it possible for the student, while pursuing a liberal course, at the same time to concentrate his attention and effort upon some one subject to such a degree as to realize in that subject a considerable acquisition and attainment, some degree of mastery, which may be utilized in a practical way after graduation.

Any of the following subjects may be chosen as a major: Philosophy; History; English; Biology; Mathematics; Romance Languages; German; Greek; Latin; Chemistry; Physics; Economics. Certain other subjects not offered as majors may be taken in conjunction with cognate subjects to constitute a major. The suggested groups given under the various departmental statements in this catalogue show some of the possible courses.

## Atmosphere of the College

Carroll College is pre-eminently a Christian College. The Bible is given its rightful place in the college curriculum, and the principles of Christianity are inculcated in the chapel service and in the class-room. The members of the faculty are all Christian men and women who endeavor to present truth from the standpoint of reverent regard for things sacred and eternal, and to help the student rightly to interpret the facts and laws of life. The atmosphere of the college is distinctly religious, but not sectarian. Loyal to the trust imposed by the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Wisconsin, the college seeks to foster a strong spiritual life, interpreting the spiritual life, not as something distinct and apart from the other phases of life, but as the finest development of them all in perfect and harmonious combination. Several Christian denominations are represented in the Board of Trustees and in the Faculty, and students of all denominations find here a friendly and congenial atmosphere.

## Carroll College a Co-educational Institution

As men and women are intended for mutual service and in all the phases of life are associated, the ideal condition for their mental and moral development is, not segregation, but association, of the sexes. The policy of co-education has been maintained in the belief that it is the natural method of training young people. It lessens the dangers of college life and increases its advantages. The healthful interchange of thought and feeling serves as an intellectual stimulus and a moral restraint, while the normal association of young men and women in class-room and in all social and literary activities of the college, tends to broaden the sympathies, and to awaken true manliness and womanliness.

## Location

Waukesha, a city of about twelve thousand inhabitants, is picturesquely situated in the midst of the rolling country of the Fox River Valley, a country of hills and lakes, of woods and fertile fields. The college buildings are upon the heights in the south part of the city, and command an extended view of a

rarely beautiful landscape. The beauty of the surrounding country, the proverbial healthfulness of the locality, and the purity of its far-famed waters make it a most desirable place of residence. Because of the proximity of Milwaukee many of the advantages of a large city are realized. The moral tone of the community is wholesome, and the people are deeply interested in all educational work. The many churches of the city offer opportunities of Christian association and culture.

Waukesha is located on lines of three principal railway systems of Wisconsin, the Chicago and Northwestern, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and the Wisconsin Central Division of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Sainte Marie, and is thus easily accessible from all parts of this and adjoining states. It is one hundred miles from Chicago, by any of the above-named roads, and twenty miles from Milwaukee. Hourly service to the latter city is provided by the electric interurban railway, and frequent service by two steam railways.

### Campus

The campus consists of a wooded tract of fifteen acres on the hills to the south of the Fox River, a most favorable situation for the college. An historic interest attaches to the campus in the presence here of several large Indian effigy mounds and an Indian cornfield.

### Equipment

Carroll College is well provided with the equipment necessary for the work of a progressive college.

Plans have been made for a consistent and harmonious group of buildings, four of which have been erected and are now occupied. These are all handsome and substantial structures of stone. They are heated from a central steam plant and lighted by gas and electricity.

### Main Hall

Of this group the central building is Main Hall, completed in 1900. This is a building of stone, beautiful in appearance and convenient in arrangement. In the basement, or ground

floor, are the gymnasium and bath and locker rooms for young men. The first floor contains the offices of the college, the rooms of the music department, and several recitation rooms. The library and chapel occupy the entire second floor. On the third floor are several recitation rooms and stack rooms for the library. The building is heated by steam from the central heating plant and is lighted by electricity.

### Rankin Hall of Science

The Walter L. Rankin Hall of Science, erected in 1906, through the munificence of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Voorhees, is devoted principally to the laboratories and recitation rooms of the departments of Chemistry, Biology, Geology, and Physics. It is thoroughly modern and complete in construction and equipment, and offers most excellent opportunity for scientific work. The edifice is three stories in height with a high basement, making practically four stories. It has a south frontage of 132 feet and is 53 feet deep. It is built of Waukesha limestone and so constructed as to be well protected against fire. All of the rooms are well lighted, ventilated, and heated. The departments of Chemistry and Physics occupy the first floor and a portion of the basement. The departments of Biology and Geology occupy the second floor. The third floor contains a large hall for lecture purposes and two halls for literary societies.

### Chemical Laboratories

The chemical laboratories are five in number: a laboratory of general chemistry, a laboratory of analytical and organic chemistry, a laboratory for water analysis, a photographic laboratory, and a private laboratory for the instructor in charge. All of these laboratories are located on the first floor of Rankin Hall of Science excepting the laboratory for water analysis, which is located in the basement. Besides these laboratories there are a dark room in the basement for the storage of acids and combustible and volatile chemicals, a general supply room on the first floor, and a balance room. The balance room opens into the laboratory of analytical chemistry, and is well supplied with balances of the best makes.

The equipment of the laboratory of general chemistry is of the most modern and approved construction. It includes re-agent shelves, balance shelves, air blast, and individual working desks for sixty students. These desks are provided with drawers, lockers, gas, water, and special ventilating tubes. The ventilation of the laboratory is carefully provided for. Pipes are carried from each desk to a fifty-inch steel plate fan in the basement which is driven by an electric motor and discharges into a special flue. Each desk is furnished with a complete set of apparatus, and the laboratory is well supplied with balances, chemicals, and apparatus for a thorough course in general chemistry.

The laboratory of analytical chemistry is equipped with desks for thirty-six students. It is supplied with re-agent shelves, air blast, draft-chamber, and the best apparatus for accurate analytical work. The draft chamber is connected with the exhaust fan. The laboratory opens into a balance room which contains Sartorius and Becker balances.

The laboratory for water analysis contains desks for twelve students. It is provided with chemicals and apparatus needed for mineral and sanitary water analysis.

The photographic laboratory is located on the second floor. It includes a large workroom equipped with desks, tables, and camera stands, and two modern dark rooms equipped with lockers, running water, various safe and printing lamps, and enlarging and copying apparatus.

The store room is well supplied with pure chemicals and apparatus from the best manufacturers. It is open at stated periods for the purpose of supplying students with apparatus which is needed for special experiments.

A preparation room, equipped with chemicals, minerals, technical products, and lecture apparatus for use in the courses in experimental lectures, opens into the lecture room. The lecture table is supplied with gas, water, the electric current, and a fume chamber connected with the exhaust fan.

### Mineralogical Laboratory

The mineralogical laboratory is equipped with several hundred hand specimens of minerals and crystals for work in de-



scriptive mineralogy. The equipment also includes celluloid and wooden models of crystals and goniometers for the study of crystallography. The necessary apparatus, re-agents, and minerals in bulk are provided for blow pipe analysis.

### Physical Laboratories

The lecture room and laboratories of the Department of Physics occupy the west end of the first floor, and a portion of the basement, of the Rankin Hall of Science.

The laboratory of general physics is 53 x 24 feet, with a south, west, and north exposure. It is well lighted and is provided with shades of special construction for darkening the room. It contains two large wall cases, which are well supplied with apparatus for use in the study of mechanics, heat, sound, light, and electricity. The laboratory contains an instructor's table and tables for forty students working at one time. These tables are supplied with gas and water, and with electric connections with the large storage battery located in the basement. An office and store room open into this laboratory.

The lecture room opens into the office and store room. It has seats for fifty students and is provided with a lecture table supplied with gas, water, storage battery connections, and direct and alternating current. The room can be darkened at any time, and is provided with a heliostat, stereopticon, and screen. The store room is well equipped with apparatus for class demonstration and illustrated lectures.

In the basement there is a laboratory for advanced work in magnetism and electricity. In addition to a new collection of measuring instruments and a large storage battery there are five dynamos and motors, illustrating both direct and alternating current types of machines. The laboratories are connected with the city electric plant.

### Biological Laboratories

The laboratories for biology occupy the greater part of the second floor of Rankin Hall of Science. The laboratory for general biology is a large, well lighted room with desks and lockers for twenty-eight pupils working at one time. There are two microscope cases with lockers for compound microscopes

and cupboards for other supplies. Adjoining this laboratory, is a preparation and general supply room, where imbedding and sectioning may be done. There is an advanced biological laboratory equipped with desks, lockers for eighteen microscopes, and cupboards for other supplies. Just off from this is a dark-room fitted for all kinds of photographic work. It is used also for experiments in plant physiology. A lecture room, accommodating fifty students, is fitted with a stereopticon and screen and can be darkened.

The equipment of these laboratories includes, in addition to the fixtures already referred to, thirty compound microscopes, dissecting microscopes, microtomes for all kinds of sectioning work, including a Minot automatic rotary microtome of the latest model, a sliding microtome of the latest type, drying ovens, paraffin baths, steam sterilizer, camera lucida, stage and eyepiece micrometers, injecting apparatus, animal cages, collecting cases, gas pressure regulator, thermo-regulators, balances, and a collection of histological slides of different plant and animal tissues. Glass ware, stains, and re-agents are provided for microscopical, histological, and general laboratory work. A laboratory for general bacteriology is equipped with standard apparatus of the most approved type. The laboratory for experimental biology is well supplied with instruments for the study of vital phenomena in both animals and plants. Recent additions in this laboratory include anthropometric apparatus for the complete and scientific study of the development, strength, and symmetry of the human body.

The museum, which is more fully described elsewhere, contains collections of insects, wood, shells, eggs, stuffed birds, and pressed plants, which are available for illustration. A Mountjoy Natural History Chart with colored plates of birds and other animals also belongs to the department.

### Geological Laboratory

This laboratory occupies the east end of the second floor of Rankin Hall of Science. The equipment includes maps, charts, globes, and rock, mineral, and fossil specimens. Among these are thirty-five folios of the Geological Atlas of the United States; the Topographical Atlas of the United States; the



Geological Atlas of Wisconsin; the Daily Weather Maps; and a collection of fifteen hundred rocks, minerals, and fossils.

A voluntary observer's station in connection with the United States Weather Bureau has been established recently at Carroll College under charge of this department. For this work the government has furnished an instrument shelter, maximum and minimum thermometer, and a rain gauge. These are used for meteorological study.

## Museum

The college has acquired, by gifts from friends and by purchase, a considerable quantity of interesting and valuable illustrative material, including the following collections: the Miller case of mounted Wisconsin birds; the Haight collection of birds' eggs; the Park collection of Wisconsin woods; the Quaw collection of shells; numerous Indian relics; mounted vertebrates; plaques of mounted insects; and a quantity of geological and paleontological material.

While no attempt has as yet been made to fit up a museum for public display, yet these various collections are extremely useful in connection with the regular work of instruction, and it is hoped that very soon the college may be justified in putting the large museum room on the third floor of Rankin Hall to the use for which it was originally planned. To this end gifts or loans of collections and of all sorts of objects suitable for museum purposes are solicited.

## Library

Voorhees Library of Carroll College is supported by an income from the sum of twenty thousand dollars given for the endowment of the library by Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Voorhees of New Jersey, and by special appropriations. The books are carefully selected with special reference to the needs of the several departments. They are catalogued and arranged according to the Dewey system of classification. The collection includes over one thousand bound volumes of leading periodicals which are of value in reference work through the aid of *Poole's Index* and *Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature*. These files will be

completed as soon as possible. The library is well supplied with standard works of reference. Reserve shelves are provided on which are placed books for special readings assigned by the various professors.

The reading-room is a large well lighted room, tastefully decorated, and furnished in mission style. Reading tables are abundantly supplied with daily and weekly papers, current magazines, literary reviews, and scientific journals. Additional space for books is provided in the stack rooms on the third floor of Main Hall.

The library is open for reading and study from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m., and from 7 to 9 p. m., except on Saturday, when it is open from 9 to 12 a. m. Students have free access to the shelves and are permitted to draw books by complying with customary library restrictions. In research work and in the preparation of orations and debates the facilities of the library may be supplemented by those of the very complete public library of Milwaukee and of the Carnegie Library of Waukesha, to both of which students have access.

### Elizabeth Voorhees Dormitory for Women

This new building is the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Voorhees, and, at the request of her husband, is named in honor of Mrs. Voorhees. It was planned after a careful study of the most modern dormitories elsewhere, and embodies the best standards of comfort and convenience. Like the other buildings it is of the famous Waukesha limestone. Each floor has spacious halls and is amply supplied with lavatory facilities, and the entire building is heated by steam and lighted by electricity. It is thoroughly up-to-date in all its details, with the appointments of a cultured home. The building has accommodations for eighty girls. Most of the rooms are intended for a single occupant, but some of the large size are designed for two people, and there are a few suites consisting of parlor and two bedrooms.

The dining-room is large and cheery, and will accommodate one hundred and sixty persons. On the first floor of the dormitory is a large reception room with parlor adjoining, and suites of apartments for the Dean and the Matron. The

domestic department is superintended by a competent, experienced Matron.

The Dean of Women presides over the social life, and is responsible for the physical and moral welfare of the young women in the home. The Dean and the Matron are both cultured Christian women who have had long experience in dealing with girls and who respond quickly to all their needs. Everything is done to surround the student with helpful, stimulating influences. There is no unnecessary or annoying surveillance; only such restraints are imposed as are needed to give the atmosphere of a well-ordered home, and to help the young women to exercise self-control and to develop well balanced Christian characters.

### Quaw Cottage

Through the kindness of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Quaw of Wausau, Wis., the old Hardy home, a handsome house of stone, adjoining the campus on the north, was purchased in the summer of 1915 and added to the equipment of the College. It is now used as a dormitory annex and provides accommodations for fifteen girls.

### Voorhees Cottage

Voorhees Cottage,—like others of the college buildings, the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Voorhees,—is the residence of the President of the college and is intended as a college home, the center of the life of the college. It is at once beautiful and convenient in all of its arrangements.

## Admission

To enter the freshman class of the college, candidates must present a certificate of graduation from an accredited high school, or pass an examination upon the subjects indicated below under the head of Requirements for Admission. Testimonials of good moral standing will be required from those who are not personally known to the authorities of the college.

### Registration

Monday and Tuesday of the opening week of the college year are registration days. By special arrangement, registration may be made before these days. For the second semester students must register during the last week of the first semester.

On registration day the student will present himself to the Dean and Registrar of the college, who will receive his certificate or other credentials from the school last attended, and assist him in selecting his course of study for the semester. No assignment to classes shall be made, however, until the student shall have presented to the Dean a matriculation card signed by the acting treasurer of the college and indicating that his tuition for the semester has been provided for. Failure to register at the appointed time will subject the delinquent to a special registration fee of one dollar.

### Admission by Certificate

Graduates of accredited schools will, on presentation of a certificate signed by the principal or superintendent, or other authorized officer, be given credit without examination for the work done. Blank forms of application for admission may be secured at any time by addressing the Registrar. They should be filled out and returned by September first.

### Admission by Examination

Candidates for admission to the freshman class, coming from high schools not accredited, or having credits that are not entirely satisfactory, may have the privilege of proving them-

selves worthy of entrance by taking a written examination. Such examination will be appointed for Monday of registration week.

The courses outlined in the High School Manual of the State of Wisconsin represent in general the character of the work required for admission.

## Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission are based upon a preparatory course of four years, with four subjects each year. A year's work in a subject, with five recitations per week, constitutes a unit. For unconditional admission to the freshman class, candidates must offer a total of fifteen units selected from the list given below, the required units being:

English : two units.

Mathematics : two units.

History : one unit.

Science : one unit.

It is considered desirable that at least three units of English be presented.

### 1 English

Preparation in English should be such as to accomplish two objects: (1) command of correct and clear English; (2) ability to read with accuracy, intelligence, and appreciation. Such preparation should include a thorough course in composition, and careful reading of classics included in the list of College Entrance Requirements in English.

- (a) Review of English Grammar. Composition : simple narratives and descriptions. Literature : English classics.  
1 unit.
- (b) Composition : written work based upon writer's experience and observation, or upon texts read in class. Literature : English classics. 1 unit.
- (c) Rhetoric and composition. Literature : English classics.  
1 unit.
- (d) Composition. Literature : History of English and American literature. Classics. 1 unit.

## 2 Greek

- (a) White's *First Greek Book*; Xenophon's *Anabasis*, Book I, chapters 1-5. 1 unit.
- (b) Xenophon's *Anabasis* to the end of Book IV; Homer's *Iliad*, Books I-III; Prose Composition. 1 unit.

## 3 German

- (a) Bacon's *German Grammar*; Spanhoofd's *Lehrbuch der deutschen Sprache*; Storm's *Immensee*; or equivalent texts. 1 unit.
- (b) Bernhardt's German Composition; Freytag's *Die Journalisten*; Goethe's *Egmont* or Schiller's *Wilhelm Tell*; sight reading of easy fiction. 1 unit.

## 4 French

- (a) Grammar, and translation from French into English and from English into French. 1 unit.
- (b) Reading of modern French of average difficulty, chosen from nineteenth century literature. This reading should cover about one thousand pages. 1 unit.

## 5 Latin

- (a) Elementary Latin; inflections and constructions. Translations and elementary prose. Outline of Roman History. 1 unit.
- (b) Latin Grammar. Caesar's *Commentaries*, four books, or an equivalent. Latin Prose Composition, twenty lessons. 1 unit.
- (c) Cicero: five orations and selected letters. Latin Prose Composition completed. 1 unit.
- (d) Virgil's *Aeneid*, six books; Mythology. 1 unit.

## 6 Mathematics

- (a) Algebra, through simple quadratic equations. Special attention should be given to the use of symbols of grouping, factoring, fractions, simple linear equations and systems of equations with careful analysis of easy problems solved by them, the solution of the quadratic



equations and problems involving them, and such theorems in surds and imaginaries as are necessary in the treatment of the quadratic. 1 unit.

- (b) Plane Geometry, as given in Wentworth, or an equivalent text, with original problems. 1 unit.
- (c) Solid Geometry, including spherical, with easy original problems.  $\frac{1}{2}$  unit.
- (d) Algebra. Review of the work of the first year with advanced work in ratio, proportion and variation, the progressions, binominal theorem, the graph and logarithms.  $\frac{1}{2}$  unit.

## 7 Science

- (a) Physics. One year's work in elementary physics, such as is covered by the standard elementary text-books. At least one-half of the work should consist of laboratory exercises. The laboratory notebook, approved by the instructor under whom the work was done, should be presented by the candidate for admission. 1 unit.
- (b) Chemistry. General chemistry, recitations and laboratory work throughout the year. The ground covered should be that of the best chemistry text-books, such as Remsen's Briefer Course. The laboratory notebook, approved by the instructor under whom the work was done, should be presented. 1 unit.
- (c) Zoology. One year's study of animal structures, habits and general life history will be accepted, provided that laboratory practice and field work have formed part of the course. Laboratory drawing books must be presented. 1 unit.
- (d) Botany. One year's work in structural and systematic botany. Laboratory practice and field work must form an important part of the course. At least 100 hours should be given to laboratory work, besides field work. 1 unit.
- (e) Physiography. One year's work. The recitation work should be supplemented by the making and study of maps, and by field work. Tarr's *Elementary Physical*



*Geography*, or an equivalent text, is suggested. A portion of the course, from one-fourth to one-half, may include Commercial Geography. 1 unit.

(c), (d) and (e) may be presented in half units.

## 8 History

- (a) Ancient History to the year 800 A. D., with special reference to Greek and Roman History. 1 unit.
- (b) Mediaeval and Modern History from 800 A. D., to the present time. 1 unit.
- (c) A general course in American History or English and American History. 1 unit.
- (d) American History and Civics. 1 unit.

## Preparatory Instruction

To accommodate students who may be deficient in some part of the requirements for admission, sub-freshman classes are organized and conducted in a limited number of subjects, particularly in the languages. In such classes mature persons with practical experience may find opportunity to reduce, to some extent, the time usually given to preparation in such subjects.

## Admission to Partial Courses

Those who are not candidates for a degree may, without examination, enter any class for which they may be found fitted, and thus pursue a partial course. If at any time such students should become candidates for a degree it will be necessary for them to satisfy the entrance requirements.

Students entering college with conditions in preparatory work must first arrange to remove such conditions. While removing conditions, students may take such college work as they may be able to carry, but to be considered in regular college standing they must take at least eleven hours of college work.

## Admission to Advanced Standing

Students presenting a certificate of honorable dismissal from another college and a definite statement of the amount of work done and the credit received for it may be admitted to advanced

standing; but the amount of credit given for the work will depend upon the ground covered and the time spent, and is subject to the judgment of the instructors in the several departments. No college credit will be given for work done in secondary schools except on examination.

## Relation to the University of Wisconsin

An agreement has been entered into with the University of Wisconsin whereby both institutions have the same entrance requirements and the same list of accredited schools. Students who change from one institution to the other will be given the rank of sophomores or juniors, if the change is made at the end of the first or second year of their work. It is not advisable for students to make a change at the end of the junior year, but where such cases occur they will be dealt with on their individual merits. Students who include in their full course at Carroll the pre-engineering group of studies can enter the engineering department of the University of Wisconsin and complete a technical course in two years. Those who enter before graduation will be given the same credits as students who transfer from the College of Letters and Science of the University to its engineering department.

## Student Advisers

At the beginning of the year each student is assigned to a member of the Faculty who acts as his adviser, and keeps in touch with his work in all departments. The adviser may be consulted by the student in reference to anything connected with any of the varied interests of a college student's life, and will transmit to the faculty any request of the student concerning his work that requires consideration by the faculty.

## Studies and Graduation

Any student who shall have completed the work required for a degree as indicated below and who shall have been in residence at least one year immediately preceding the application for such degree, is eligible to graduation.

The college year is divided into two semesters. One hour of recitation or lecture per week, for one semester, is designated a unit hour. Two hours of laboratory work or two hours of prescribed physical exercise in the gymnasium are credited as one unit hour. Students are expected to take thirty-two unit hours per year during the freshman and sophomore years, two of which may be class work in physical exercise. No student will be permitted during one semester to receive credit toward graduation of more than sixteen unit hours in regular studies except by permission of the Faculty, obtained in advance. Students are not allowed to receive credit for more than eighteen unit hours in any one semester.

Upon the fulfillment of the requirements for graduation and on recommendation of the Faculty, the degree of Bachelor of Arts, of Bachelor of Science (in Chemistry), of Bachelor of Science (in Biology), or of Bachelor of Philosophy, is conferred by the Board of Trustees.

### Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts

For the degree of Bachelor of Arts one hundred and twenty-eight hour credits are required, four of which may be taken in physical education, and four in extra-curricular work, such as debate, glee club, orchestra, or editorial work.

The 120 unit hours of recitation, lecture, and laboratory work required for graduation include:

- (1) Courses required of all candidates for a degree;
- (2) Courses in the major subject; and
- (3) Elective courses.

## 1 Required Studies

The following courses are required of all candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Arts:

- (a) English: six unit hours, to be taken in the first year.
- (b) Foreign language: a total of thirty-two unit hours a part of which may be included in the subjects offered to satisfy entrance requirements.
- (c) The Bible: eight unit hours.
- (d) Philosophy: six unit hours.
- (e) Mathematics: six unit hours.
- (f) History: eight unit hours.
- (g) Natural Science: ten unit hours, to consist of a one-year course in either Biology, Chemistry, or Physics.

## 2 Major Study and Thesis

*Major Study:* At the beginning of the sophomore or junior year each student shall select as his major subject the work of some one department in the college. This department will determine the manner in which the work of the major shall be completed. The work required in the major (including thesis and required work) shall not be less than twenty unit hours, nor more than forty unit hours, the credit for the thesis being four hours. Any one of the following subjects may be chosen as a major: Philosophy; Greek; Latin; History; English; Biology; Mathematics; Romance Languages; German; Chemistry; Physics; Economics.

*Thesis:* Candidates for a baccalaureate degree may be required to present a graduating thesis, the subject of which must be approved by the head of the department in which the candidate is doing the work represented by the thesis. The thesis must represent some phase of the student's work in his major study, and must have the character of a scholarly dissertation on the subject.

## 3 Electives

All work not included under 1 and 2 is elective, but credit toward graduation shall not be given in one department for more than forty unit hours, including required work, major and

electives. Not more than seventy hours credit may be received in the subjects included in any one of the following groups:

I	II	III	IV
English	Biology	History	Psychology
German	Geology	Political	Education
Latin	Chemistry	Science	Ethics
French	Mineralogy	Political	Philosophy
Greek	Physiology	Economy	Logic
	Physics	Sociology	

### Studies of the Freshman Year

At the beginning of the freshman year each student shall elect, in consultation with the Dean, one of the following groups of studies for the year's work:

I	II	III
English 3	English 3	English 3
Mathematics 4	Mathematics 3	Mathematics 3
German or 4	Latin 4	Latin 4
French 4	History 4	Greek 5
History 4	Bible 1	Bible 1
Bible 1		
IV	V	VI
English 3	English 3	English 3
Mathematics 3	Mathematics 3	Mathematics 3
Latin 4	German or 4	German or 4
German or 4	French 4	French 4
French 4	Chemistry 5	Biology 5
Bible 1	Bible 1	Bible 1

### The Sophomore, Junior and Senior Years

Each student who chooses his major subject at the beginning of the sophomore year shall outline at that time, in consultation with the head of the department in which he selects his major work, his course of study for the sophomore, junior, and senior years. The course may be changed with the consent of the head of the department and the Dean.

Suggested groups of studies are outlined after the descriptions of the courses in the various departments in which major work is offered.

### Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Philosophy

The requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy are the same as those for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, except that certain other subjects may be substituted for the requirements in foreign language, both for admission and for graduation.

### Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (in Chemistry)

The requirements for admission to the Course in Chemistry are the same as they are for the courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts, with the exception that elementary physics is required for entrance.

For graduation, 132 unit hours of lecture, recitation, and laboratory work are required.

Four units of prescribed work in physical culture or of extra-curricular work may be offered toward graduation.

The required subjects are:

Chemistry: including chemical thesis, forty-eight unit hours.

Physics: ten unit hours.

Mathematics: sixteen unit hours.

English: six unit hours.

German: twelve unit hours.

The Bible: eight unit hours.

No student may receive more than fifty-eight unit hours credit in chemistry toward graduation.

A synopsis of the Course in Chemistry may be found on page 38.

### Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (in Biology)

The requirements for admission to the courses in Biology are the same as they are for courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

For graduation, 132 unit hours of lecture, recitation, and laboratory work are required.

The required subjects are:

Biology: forty-eight unit hours.

Chemistry: ten unit hours.

Physics: eight unit hours.

German: ten unit hours.

English: six unit hours.

Bible: eight unit hours.

No student may receive more than fifty-six unit hours in biology toward graduation.



## Honor Credits

In addition to the required number of hour credits required for a degree, each student must earn at least 128 honor credits, or an approximate average in all courses of C, or higher. He must earn at least sixteen honor credits per semester to maintain his class standing.

Class standings are recorded with letters, A, B, C, and D being passing grades. For a grade of A in a given course, the student will receive three times as many honor credits as there are hour credits in the course; for a grade of B, twice as many honor credits as hour credits; and for a grade of C, as many honor credits as hour credits.

## Preparation for Professional Courses

By a careful combination of the major system and required studies, Carroll College aims to secure two results for her students: to give the breadth of culture, extent of information, and training of the mental powers needed as a basis for all kinds of activity; to provide for each student the opportunity of becoming well acquainted with some field of knowledge that will specially prepare him for any kind of professional study that he may intend to pursue. To this end a number of suggested groups of studies have been outlined and placed after the descriptions of courses offered by the various departments.

## Teaching

The departments of Education and Philosophy offer a number of courses which are especially adapted to the needs of those who intend to enter the profession of teaching. The student who desires to obtain a thorough preparation for teaching any particular subject should choose that subject as his major study. Special teachers' training courses are offered by the various departments of instruction. These courses, together with the professional courses offered by the department of Education, form an important part of the groups of studies suggested for those who desire to prepare for teaching. For these groups the student is referred to the descriptions of courses in the various departments.



The school laws of Wisconsin provide that graduates of colleges whose courses of study are fully and fairly equivalent to corresponding courses in the University of Wisconsin may receive an unlimited state certificate upon recommendation of the State Board of Examiners. Acting under this provision the State Board has granted state licenses to the graduates of Carroll College. The teachers' course offered here is carefully planned to include all branches of study required by the state.

## Medicine

The departments of Biology and Chemistry offer a number of courses which will be of great value to the student who enters a medical college. The laboratories of these departments are well equipped and the courses offered are designed to give the student a working knowledge of these sciences. By proper co-ordination of his work here with that of the medical school it is possible for the student to reduce the total number of years required to obtain the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Doctor of Medicine. Groups of studies which are suited to the needs of the pre-medical students are described in connection with the departments of Biology and Chemistry.

## Law

Like other professions, that of the law is today making large demands of preparation from those who would enter the profession. The better law schools of the country are now requiring a considerable part, or the whole, of the college course for entrance. In the courses offered in history, economics, languages, English, and sociology, will be found excellent preliminary training for the successful study and pursuit of the profession of law. The student may find suggested groups of such studies at the end of the statement of the department of History and Economics on page 69.

## Theology

Students who expect to enter the ministry should have, in addition to a knowledge of the Bible, the classics, moral philosophy, psychology, literature, and history, an intelligent under-

standing of the laws of God as manifested in the material universe and as revealed by the study of the fundamental sciences. Courses in theology do not form a part of the college curriculum, but work especially adapted to the student for the ministry is offered in the various departments. Groups of studies adapted to individual needs will be arranged by the head of the department in which the student chooses to do his major work.

## Business

The conditions and tendencies in commercial activity today have made of business a profession, and, in large measure, a technical profession, requiring extensive special training. The courses offered in mathematics, history, economics, business law, advertising, accounting, commercial geography, modern languages, English, and the sciences may be so combined as to provide excellent and effective preparation for business and industry. Considerable opportunity for practical administrative experience may be found in the conduct of the various student enterprises.

## Journalism

While the college offers no organized course in journalism, yet much of the material of such a course is provided in the work in languages, history, economics, business law, sociology, and English. Some opportunity for practical experience is provided in connection with the various college publications. Occasional lectures are given by men of experience in the profession.

## Engineering

A young man can acquire by a course in Carroll College much training that is fundamental to all engineering courses, and so materially shorten his professional course, at the same time securing that culture, general information, and mental discipline which are so essential to men who are to be agents in the betterment of society, no matter in what line of work they may engage.

Students who expect to study engineering should do their major work in mathematics and physics or pursue the course in chemistry. The courses offered in the college include the mathematics, the fundamental sciences, and the modern languages, which form an important part of all engineering courses. More technical courses, specially adapted to the engineering student, are offered in mechanical drawing, descriptive geometry, surveying, industrial chemistry, bacteriology, mineralogy, mechanics, and electrical measurements.

The courses in mathematics, physics, mechanical drawing, descriptive geometry, mechanics, surveying, and chemistry are so arranged as to enable the student of engineering to satisfy, during his freshman and sophomore years, the engineering requirements in these subjects of the first two years at the University of Wisconsin. After two years in Carroll College the student may, in two additional years, complete the requirements for an engineering degree. It is recommended, however, that he complete his college course before entering a technical school. He may thereby secure additional training of great value to the engineer in the sciences, in mathematics, and in commercial subjects.

### Suggested Course for Engineering Students

#### FIRST SEMESTER

Freshman		Sophomore		Junior		Senior	
English	3	Calculus	5	Physics	4	Physics	4
German or		Physics	5	Mathematics	3	Mathematics	3
French	4	Surveying	3	Surveying	2	Philosophy	3
Mechanical		Descriptive		History	4	Bible	1
Drawing	3	Geometry	3	Economics	4	Elective	
Algebra	3	Bible	1	Bible	1		
Trigonometry	2	German or					
Chemistry	3	French	4				
Bible	1						

#### SECOND SEMESTER

Freshman		Sophomore		Junior		Senior	
English	3	Calculus	4	Physics	4	Physics	4
German or		Physics	5	Mathematics	3	Mathematics	3
French	4	Surveying	3	History	4	Bible	1
Mechanical		Mechanics	3	Economics	4	Electives	
Drawing	3	Bible	1	Philosophy	3		
Analytical		German or		Bible	1		
Geometry	5	French	4				
Chemistry	3						
Bible	1						

## Course in Chemistry

The great demand for technical instruction in the college, together with the large opportunities open to the trained chemist in the manufacturing industries, has led to the establishment of a Course in Chemistry. It is the aim of the course to fit students for practical work as chemists in manufacturing establishments or technical laboratories. Executive positions in chemical manufactories are frequently filled by chemists who show marked ability for administrative work. Graduates are fitted to enter upon graduate work in chemistry, to teach chemistry, or to take positions as chemists immediately upon graduation.

### Suggested Outline of Course in Chemistry

#### FIRST SEMESTER

Freshman		Sophomore		Junior		Senior	
Chemistry	5	Chemistry	7	Chemistry	5	Chemistry	5
Mathematics	5	Physics	5	Mathematics	3	Bacteriology	
English	3	German	2	French	4	or Mechanics	5
German	4	Bible	1	Bible	1	Chemical	
Bible	1	Mechanical		Elective		Thesis	2
		Drawing	2			Bible	1
						Elective	

#### SECOND SEMESTER

Freshman		Sophomore		Junior		Senior	
Chemistry	5	Chemistry	7	Chemistry	5	Chemistry	5
Mathematics	5	Physics	5	Mathematics	3	Chemical	
English	3	German	2	French	4	Thesis	2
German	4	Bible	1	Bible	1	Bible	1
Bible	1	Mechanical		Elective		Geology	5
		Drawing	2			Elective	

## Departments of Instruction

The work of the college is organized under the following Departments of Instruction :

BIBLICAL LITERATURE.

BIOLOGY.

CHEMISTRY.

EDUCATION.

ENGLISH.

GEOLOGY.

GERMAN.

GREEK.

HISTORY AND ECONOMICS.

HOME ECONOMICS.

LATIN.

LIBRARY SCIENCE.

MATHEMATICS.

MUSIC.

PHILOSOPHY.

PHYSICS.

PUBLIC SPEAKING AND DRAMATIC LITERATURE.

ROMANCE LANGUAGES.

SOCIOLOGY.

The following departmental statements represent the work that the college is prepared to offer under proper conditions of need and demand. Most of the courses offered are given regularly every year. Some of the courses are given in alternate years, and a few at longer intervals. The arrangement is such, however, that a student may obtain during the normal period of college residence any course that he may need or desire.

### BIBLICAL LITERATURE

PROFESSOR STROH

#### 11 The Pentateuch

Familiarity with the opening books of the Bible is necessary to a better understanding of all that follows. Rapid survey of the material is made and the student is required to know the

great men and to master the unfolding succession of events in God's dealing with the race.

Freshmen and Sophomores. First semester. One hour.

## 12 The Poetical Books

To neglect this body of literature is to miss the chief uplift and inspiration of the Old Testament age. Each book is examined in order to determine its character and to understand the reason for its place in the world's best literature.

Juniors and Seniors. First semester. One hour.

## 13 Historical Books of the Old Testament

Beginning with Joshua and going through to Nehemiah the history of God's dealings with His Chosen People is closely followed under the various forms of the Theocratic Kingdom.

Freshmen and Sophomores. First semester. One hour.

## 14 Prophetical Books

These are necessary for the understanding of the historic books and for learning the principles of God's dealing with nations as nations.

Juniors and seniors. First semester. One hour.

## 15 The Synoptic Gospels

The Synoptic Gospels are studied in the light of the great message of each. The four portraits are viewed from their different angles that the student may have a clearer conception of both the person and the work of Jesus.

Freshmen and Sophomores. Second semester. One hour.

## 16 The Gospel According to John and the Book of Acts

Special study is given to the book that records the founding and early history of the Christian Church.

Freshmen and Sophomores. Second semester. One hour.

## 17 The Pauline Epistles

The doctrinal interpretations and practical application of Christianity by the great Apostle to the Gentiles are here studied. The principal epistles are analyzed and diagramed and discussed in the class-room.

Juniors and Seniors. Second semester. One hour.

### 18 The Catholic Epistles and the Revelation

These several books are studied with reference to subject matter, authors, and dates of writing.

Juniors and Seniors. Second semester. One hour.

### 19 A Survey of the Progress of Christianity

This has to do with the Church with reference to the sociological, educational, commercial, and spiritual aspects of world conditions.

Open to all students. One semester. One hour.

### 20 The Bible as Interpreted by Modern Scientific, Philosophic, and Literary Scholarship.

Free discussions are encouraged in the class-room and the student is equipped to deal with modern questions.

Juniors and Seniors. First and second semesters. Two hours.

### 21 The Teachings of Jesus

This course is offered for those who wish to continue further the study of the Gospels.

Juniors and Seniors. Second semester. One hour.

## BIOLOGY

PROFESSOR GUBERLET, MISS VINCENT, MISS WHITE

### 11 General Biology

It is the purpose of this course to lay a broad foundation for more advanced work in the department, and at the same time to supply a well-rounded body of useful information to those students who may not choose to carry their studies farther in this line. In order to accomplish this double purpose, the work begins with the consideration of the lowest types of living things, and progresses in systematic order to the higher forms. The plan is to make the course as practical as possible by applying the fundamental principles of biology to man in everyday life. Animals and plants are studied in parallel groups throughout



the year; thus are emphasized the essential unity and the progressive divergence of the two kingdoms of life forms. The greater part of the time in this course is devoted to the study of non-flowering plants and invertebrate animals, though the higher forms are studied sufficiently to make clear their essential characteristics and their relation to the lower groups. This work consists of three lectures and six hours of laboratory work each week, reports on reference reading, and occasional field trips. The lectures are based on the texts of Parker and Haswell, Strasburger, Smallwood, Gager, and others. No previous training in biology is required. Biology taken in high school or academy will not be counted as the equivalent of this course, or any part of it.

A deposit of \$2.50, to cover possible loss or breakage of instruments, all of which are supplied by the department, is required of each student in this course. Semester fee, \$3.00.

First and second semesters. Ten hours.

## 12 Anatomy, Histology, and Physiology of Vertebrates

This work is specifically planned to meet the demand for a pre-medical course along rather broad zoological lines. The comparative anatomy of vertebrate animals is presented in such a way as to afford a comprehensive foundation for the accompanying study of physiology. For a similar purpose the subject of animal histology is treated in a general way.

As a basis for the lectures, reference reading, and laboratory work of the course, free use is made of such standard texts as those of Gray, Flint, Howell, Dahlgren, and others.

Each student is expected to provide himself with a copy of Halliburton's *Handbook of Physiology* and a copy of Gould's *Pocket Medical Dictionary*, or its equivalent. While the course is particularly well adapted to meet the requirements of prospective students of medicine, yet it is presented in a manner not unduly technical, and it should prove to be of great value to prospective teachers and others not preparing for the medical profession. Prerequisite: Biology 11. Semester fee, \$3.00.

First and second semesters. Ten hours. Given in 1917-18, and alternate years.

### 13 Anatomy, Physiology, and Oecology of Vascular Plants

This course offers a more advanced study of the structure, functions, uses, and relationships of vascular plants. The agricultural and economic phases of the subject are made prominent. Large numbers of photomicrographic and other lantern slides, and an extensive collection of microscope slides and preserved materials, are available for this work. The course is based upon the works of Strasburger, Vines, Jost, Clements, and many others. Either preparatory biology or Biology 11 will serve as an introduction to this course. Two lectures and three hours of laboratory work each week, with extensive collateral reading and a considerable amount of field work. Semester fee, \$2.00.

First and second semesters. Six hours. Given in 1918-19, and alternate years.

### 14-3 Human Anatomy, Physiology, and Hygiene

A somewhat briefer and less technical course than course 12, omitting the greater part of the comparative anatomy and histology of that course and placing rather more emphasis upon the subject of hygiene. The work is based upon the texts of Brubaker, Halliburton, and similar standards, in connection with a considerable amount of laboratory and demonstration work. Students are urged to make practical personal application of the laws, principles and practices of physiology and hygiene. Especially in the second semester, the class work gives place to seminars, allowing the fullest possible freedom for the discussion of vital questions. This course is open to young women. Previous training in biology is desirable, though not actually required. Semester fee, \$1.00.

First and second semesters. Six hours. Given in 1918-19, and alternate years.

### 14-5 The Physiology of Exercise

A practical laboratory study of comparative anatomy and of the theory of physical exercise. Each student is accurately measured and tested, and is given her complete record and symmetry curve, together with directions for corrective exer-

cises, where these seem desirable. This work may be taken only in connection with and supplementary to the preceding course, 14-3. Semester fee, \$1.50.

First and second semesters. Four hours. Given in 1918-19, and alternate years.

## 15 Experimental Biology

A course in practical physiological experimentation, including a study of both animal and plant reactions. Fifty experimental studies are outlined, and the student is required to do extensive reading on each topic, work out the details of the experiment, and submit a report with complete kymographic and other mechanical records.

A credit of ten hours is given for the entire course; any part of the course is credited according to the amount and grade of the work done. The fee for the entire course is \$10.00, and pro rata for parts of the course.

As prerequisite for this work, the student should have taken Biology 11 and either Biology 12 or Biology 14, and Physics 11. In any case, students should confer with the instructor before electing this study.

## 16 General Embryology and Ontogeny

A rapid review of the processes of reproduction and development throughout the lower groups of animals, followed by a more complete study of the embryology of vertebrate animals. Illustrated lectures, reference reading, and laboratory work. The lectures treat quite fully of such topics as heredity, the principles of breeding, and eugenics. The greater part of the time in the laboratory is devoted to a study of the development of the chick and the pig. Three lectures and five hours of laboratory work per week. Prerequisite: Biology 11. Fee, \$4.00.

Second semester. Five hours. Given in 1918-19, and alternate years.

## 17 Biological Technique

A practical consideration of the approved methods of collection and preservation of biological materials, and of their preparation for laboratory use; microtome technique; manipulation

of the microscope; technical photography and the making of lantern slides. Lectures and laboratory practice. Prerequisite: Biology 11. Fee, \$2.50.

Second semester. Two hours.

## 19 Economic Botany

A somewhat detailed study of the structure and biological relationships of the principal plants of commercial importance; such as those supplying food, clothing, drugs, timber, etc. Special attention is given to the microscopical study of woods, and to the detection of adulterations and impurities in foods. This course is planned for the general student of biology, as well as for the prospective physician and food analyst. Previous training equivalent to Biology 11 is desirable. Two lectures and five hours of laboratory work per week. Semester fee, \$2.00.

First and second semesters. Eight hours. Given in 1917-18, and alternate years.

## 20 Bacteriology and General Pathology

The instruction in this course aims only to introduce the student to this vast and increasingly important field. A brief survey of the history of bacteriology is followed by a careful study of the general technique, together with practice in the sterilization of apparatus, preparation of media, and the cultivation and examination of a few common bacterial forms. Special attention is given to the economic and hygienic importance of bacteria, and to their rôle in disease, both of plants and of animals. This course is of fundamental importance in both of the professional trends of biology, and hardly less valuable as a liberal culture study, while to the teacher of biology it is practically indispensable. Three lectures and six hours of laboratory work per week. Prerequisite: Biology 11. Fee, \$2.50; deposit, \$5.00.

First semester. Five hours. Given in 1918-19, and alternate years.

## 21 Organic Evolution

A somewhat critical study of the great doctrine of Organic Evolution, together with a rapid survey of its history from Aristotle to the present, followed by a general inquiry into the

bearing of this subject upon other fields of thought. This is primarily a liberal culture course, and it is especially recommended to prospective teachers and ministers, as well as to all students interested in biology. An attempt is made to clear up some of the more common and harmful erroneous impressions so generally current in relation to this subject. Copiously illustrated lectures, reference reading, and class discussions. Either preparatory biology or Biology 11 should precede this course. Fee, \$1.00.

Second semester. Two hours. Given in 1918-1919, and alternate years.

## 22 Thesis Course

Students who choose their major work in the department of Biology will be required to submit a thesis, based upon original work of scientific merit, in either phytology or zoology. Unusually excellent opportunities are offered for work in comparative anatomy of plants, plant and animal histology, and laboratory methods in animal physiology. Special work in parasitology may be taken up by students who desire it. In this work one would study the nature of parasitism and the problems concerned with it. One of the chief problems would be that of the life histories of various kinds of parasites in general and that of some particular group for advanced work. This would be of special benefit to those who expect to go into medicine or to take up special lines of agriculture. Ample facilities are provided for this work, in the way of equipment and standard works of reference. The special topic for this course must be selected at least one year prior to graduation, and the candidate should have had at least as much previous training in biology as is represented by courses 11, 12 or 14, and 17. Fee, \$5.00.

Credit is given according to the amount and quality of work done. A thesis must represent the work of at least four unit hours. The course, as a whole, should represent not less than five, nor more than ten, hours.

## 23 Household Bacteriology and Hygiene

A brief survey of the history and principles of bacteriology, with special application to the problems of domestic science.

Laboratory exercises in the sterilization of utensils, the preparation of culture media, and the cultivation and microscopical study of bacteria, yeasts and molds. Nutritional physiology, and the microscopical study of the principal food materials. Hygiene and sanitation. The nature and prevention of disease. Care of the sick and injured. Two lectures and three hours of laboratory work per week. Semester fee, \$2.00.

First and second semesters. Six hours. Given in 1917-18, and alternate years.

## 24 First Aid

A practical course in the rendering of first aid in case of injury and accidents. It is based on the work of the Red Cross and consists of demonstrations and applications of various kinds of bandages as well as the uses of various antiseptics and disinfectants.

Second semester. Two hours.

### Suggested Groups with Major in Biology

1	2	3	4
Biology 11, 13, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 35	Biology 11, 12, 16, 20, 21, 22, 37	Biology 11, 12, 13, 17, 20, 21, 22, 40	Biology 11, 14, 17, 21, 22, 23, 31
Mathematics 6	Chemistry 20	Physics 10	English 10
English 6	Mathematics 6	Mathematics 6	History 8
Philosophy 6	English 6	English 10	Bible 8
German 14	Philosophy 6	Philosophy	Mathematics 6
Chemistry 15	German 13	and	Philosophy
Physics 10	Greek 10	Education 12	and
Bible 8	Bible 8	German 10	Education 12
History 8	History 8	Chemistry 10	German 12
Electives 20	Physics 10	Bible 8	Latin 10
	Electives 4	History 8	Chemistry 10
		Electives 14	Physics 10
			Electives 11
<hr/> 128	<hr/> 128	<hr/> 128	<hr/> 128

Students who wish to fit themselves for special work in agricultural lines will find group 1 well adapted to their needs. Group 2 is planned for pre-medical students, group 3 for prospective teachers of biology, and group 4 is intended especially for young women who may wish to do their major work in this department.

Major work in this department must include at least thirty units, of which courses 11 and 12 or 14 should always form a part.



## CHEMISTRY

PROFESSOR KEMMERER, MR. HERZOG, MR. LUECK.

## 11 General Chemistry

This course is made up of experimental lectures together with recitations and laboratory work on the chemical elements, their compounds, and the laws underlying chemical action. In the first semester the work consists of the chemistry of the non-metals, while the second semester is devoted to metals and qualitative analysis. Accuracy, neatness, and honesty in the laboratory work are insisted upon.

First semester. Four recitations per week and six hours of laboratory work. Six unit hours.

Second semester. Three recitations per week and three hours of laboratory work. Four unit hours.

## 11a General Chemistry for Engineers

This course includes the same class-room work as course 11.

First and second semesters. Three hours of laboratory work per week. Six unit hours.

## 12 Qualitative Analysis

Analysis of simple mixtures and compounds both for acid and base forming elements. This course may accompany the second semester work in course 11. Six hours of laboratory work per week. Two unit hours.

## 13 Elementary Quantitative Analysis

A laboratory course involving the general methods of gravimetric and volumetric analysis, and the preparation of pure salts. Each student determines gravimetrically a number of typical elements in pure salts, alloys and minerals. The latter part of the course is devoted to volumetric analysis. The determinations are carefully selected and are designed to give the student a wide range of typical methods of quantitative manipulation. A careful study is made of acidimetry and alkalimetry and the oxidation, reduction, and precipitation methods of quan-



titative analysis. Much attention is also given to problems in stoichiometry. Prerequisite: Chemistry 11.

First semester. Two recitations and twelve hours of laboratory work. Five unit hours. The laboratory work may be extended through the second semester.

#### 14 Quantitative Analysis

This course is intended to give a more comprehensive knowledge of quantitative methods than can be obtained in an elementary course. The work consists in the analysis of alloys, minerals, rocks, cement, fuel, iron and steel, gas, and other technical products. The laboratory work is varied to meet the needs of individual students. Texts: Treadwell-Hall, Sutton, Fresenius. Prerequisite: Chemistry 13.

Second semester. Credit in proportion to amount of work completed.

#### 15 Proximate Organic Analysis

Sanitary and mineral analysis of water; soil analysis; food analysis; analysis of soaps, oils, paints, dairy products, fertilizers, and other technical products. The laboratory work is varied to meet individual needs. Prerequisite: Chemistry 13.

Second semester. Two lectures and twelve hours of laboratory work. Credit in proportion to work completed.

#### 16 Organic Chemistry

Systematic study of the aliphatic and aromatic compounds of carbon. Recitations and lectures with regular written reviews. Laboratory work in preparing representative compounds of the important series of organic compounds and their identification.

First and second semesters. Two recitations, one quiz, and six hours of laboratory work. Ten unit hours. Given in 1918-19, and alternate years.

#### 17 Theoretical and Physical Chemistry

Lectures, recitations, laboratory work, and collateral reading. The lectures give an elementary but systematic view of the subject of physical chemistry. The following subjects are

studied in the class-room and laboratory; atomic and molecular weight determination, the periodic law, chemical dynamics, speed of reaction and mass relations, specific gravity determinations, melting and boiling points, solubility, Faraday's law, gas laws, electrical conductivity, phase rule, specific heat, calorimetry, spectrum analysis, and photo-chemistry. Prerequisites: Chemistry 12 and 13, and elementary physics. This course follows course 16, and with course 20 constitutes a year's work, which alternates with course 16.

First and second semesters. Two lectures or recitations and three hours of laboratory work. Six unit hours. Given in 1917-18, and alternate years.

## 18 Research Work and Thesis

Students who make chemistry their major study or who are candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Chemistry, are expected to select some line of work for careful investigation. The results of the research are presented in the form of a thesis, which must conform to the requirements given on page 31. The line of work selected in course 15 should be correlated with the subject chosen for a thesis.

Credit is given according to the amount and quality of work done. A thesis must represent the work of at least four unit hours.

## 19 Teachers' Course

This course consists of reports upon assigned topics, and recitations, conferences, and discussions of problems pertaining to the teaching of chemistry. It is pursued in connection with course 17, department of Education. Prerequisite: Chemistry 11, 12, 13.

Second semester. Credit in proportion to the amount of work completed.

## 20 Industrial Chemistry and Metallurgy

Lectures and recitations: the chemical industries; raw materials; machinery and appliances; methods of manufacture; products, such as glass, porcelain, caustic soda, sodium carbonate, sulphur dioxide, sulphuric acid, the cyanides, gas and

coke, mineral and vegetable oils, alcohol, pigments, dyes, cement, fertilizers, paper, and metals. A survey of the applications of chemistry to manufacturing industries. During the course the students make a number of trips of inspection to important manufacturing plants in Chicago and Milwaukee, and vicinity. These trips are personally conducted by the head of the department, and form an important part of the work of the course. Text: Rogers and Aubert. Prerequisite: Chemistry 11. It is recommended that students carry this course in connection with courses 12 and 13.

First and second semesters: Two lectures or recitations. Four unit hours. Given in 1917-18, and alternate years.

## 21 History of Chemistry

This course is conducted as a seminar and aims at a systematic development of the historical side of the subject. Each student is expected to make reports upon assigned topics and to enter freely into discussions concerning chemical theories of the past and of the present. The course is open to juniors and seniors.

First and second semesters. Two unit hours.

## 22 Food Analysis

Laboratory and lecture instruction upon: the nutritive value of foods; the detection of adulterations and preservatives; analysis of plant and animal foods; fresh and preserved food; spices, condiments, drugs, and similar products. On account of recent state and national legislation, the subject of food analysis is of great interest and importance. This course is offered to meet the needs of those students who desire a more complete knowledge of the subject than is possible from course 15. The student is expected to select certain lines of work which will prepare him for the responsible position of food chemist. Prerequisite: Chemistry 15.

Credit according to the amount and thoroughness of the work.

## 23 Physiological Chemistry

A study of the foods, of digestion, of the fluids and tissues of the body, and of the urine both in health and in disease.

This course is designed especially for medical students, but it is open to all who have completed course 16.

Two lectures; eight hours of laboratory work. Four unit hours.

## 24 Technical Gas, Fuel, and Oil Analysis

Laboratory instruction in gas calorimetry and technical analysis of fuel, illuminating and fuel gases, oils, and products of combustion. Prerequisite: courses 11 and 13.

Credit in proportion to work completed.

## 25 Inorganic Preparations

A laboratory course in the preparation of typical inorganic compounds and elements. Special stress is laid on manipulation, purity of the product, and yield.

Credit in proportion to work completed.

## 26 Photography

A course of lecture and laboratory work dealing with the general principles and processes of photography from both the chemical and the physical sides. In the laboratory each student studies the various methods of determining correct exposure, time and factor system of development, intensification, reduction, printing of the various papers, making of lantern slides, enlargements, and color photography. Prerequisite: Chemistry 11.

Second semester. Two lectures and three hours of laboratory work per week. Three unit hours.

## 27 Household Chemistry

A study of the practical application of chemistry to domestic science, art, sanitation, and every day life. This course may be substituted for the qualitative analysis given as part of Chemistry 11.

One lecture and three hours of laboratory work per week during the second semester. Two unit hours.

## Suggested Groups with Major in Chemistry

1		2		3	
Chemistry	30	Chemistry	35	Chemistry	30
Biology	10	Physics	14	Mathematics	14
Histology	5	Education and		Physics	14
Bacteriology	5	Philosophy	10	Philosophy	6
Physics	10	Physiology	5	Political	
Mathematics	8	Mathematics	6	Economy	8
English	6	English	6	History	8
German	16	German	16	English	6
French	8	French	8	German	16
Thesis	4	Bible	8	French	8
Bible	8	History	8	Bible	8
Philosophy	6	Thesis	4	Thesis	4
History	8	Electives	8	Electives	6
Electives	4				
	<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128

Group 1 will meet the needs of those who expect to study medicine. In order to secure the maximum value from a medical course the student should have a good knowledge of analytical and organic chemistry before entering a medical school. Courses 11, 12, 13, 16, 23, and 24 are intended to meet such need.

Group 2 is recommended for students who expect to teach chemistry, or chemistry and physics.

Group 3 provides an excellent preparation for students who expect to do graduate work in chemistry.

The groups are subject to such alterations as the needs of those pursuing the work may indicate.

Students who expect to pursue chemistry as a profession should take the Course in Chemistry. This is well adapted to the needs of the sanitary, mining, or chemical engineer. Courses 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, and 20 are required of all students who are candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Chemistry. Additional courses may be elected. A detailed outline of the Course in Chemistry is given on page 38.

Courses 19, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are offered only upon sufficient demand. The requirements for a major in chemistry are, in addition to the thesis, thirty unit hours as a minimum. Courses 11, 12, and 13 are required of all who do major work in chemistry. Course 11 should be taken in the freshman year. Students who enter course 11 are expected to present credit for one year's work in elementary physics.

## ECONOMICS

See Department of History and Economics, page 63.

## EDUCATION

PROFESSOR RAY

## 11 Psychology

A study of the general field of psychology from the biological point of view. Recitations, lectures, experiments and demonstrations.

First semester. Three hours.

## 16 History of Education

Education viewed as a process of conscious adjustment. A study of the typical culture periods as revealed by educational ideals, processes, and institutions.

## 17 Principles of Education

The meaning of education considered from the standpoint of: (1) biology, (2) psychology, (3) neurology, (4) anthropology, and (5) sociology. Mental development as affected by heredity and environment. Education as affecting the physical, mental, moral, and religious development of the child and the race. The varying educational aims, varying means, and educational values. The relations of the foregoing to the course of study are emphasized.

Second semester. Three hours.

## 18 Modern Educational Systems

A comparison of the educational systems of Germany, France, England, and the United States is made, with a study of the historical setting of each. The differences in economic, social, political, and religious conditions as affecting education are traced.

First semester. Two hours.

## 19 Mental Development and Child Study

The work covers: (1) the theory of development; (2) the general characteristics of development; (3) motor development;



and (4) hygiene of development with special reference to elementary education.

First semester. Three hours.

## 20 School Management and Secondary School Problems

In this course an attempt is made to analyze the school as an institution and to show the function and relative importance of the various elements of its structure. Problems are anticipated and solutions suggested and discussed. Special attention is given to the relation of the intellectual and emotional development of the period of adolescence to the high school curriculum.

One semester. Three hours.

## 21 Practice Teaching

In addition to the completion of at least twelve semester hours selected from the courses under Education, each prospective teacher is required to do practice teaching in sub-freshman classes. This work is carried on under the direction of the head of the department in which the teaching is being done and under the general supervision of the department of Education.

## ENGLISH

PROFESSOR STARR, MISS BEAN, MRS. MORRIS

## 11 Rhetoric and Composition

A study of the forms of discourse; the preparation and criticism of written compositions; and prescribed readings in English and American prose, as embodying principles of effective expression. The object in all the work is to present just critical standards, to cultivate the sense of literary form, and to develop the power of clear and correct expression. In addition, some time is given to the history of the English language; to the study of words, their etymologies and meanings; and to the subject of bibliography and reference work in the library of the college under the direction of the librarian. Required course for freshmen.

First and second semesters. Three hours.



## 12 English Prose

A study of the principles of expression based upon the work of the best prose writers, English and American. This course is designed to enlarge the student's acquaintance with the masterpieces of prose literature, to bring him into contact with the finer elements of style, and to promote the development and application of correct standards of criticism and expression. Current periodical literature is used as a part of the material of this course.

First and second semesters. Two or three hours.

## 12a Advanced Composition

A course following English 11 and alternating with English 12, intended to develop further the practice of careful research and the power of clear and accurate presentation. It involves extensive reading of the best English and American prose, and leads to a variety of exercises, such as abstracts, reports, technical and historical papers, criticisms, personal essays, etc. The work of the course is related to the practical problems of expression and especially to the interest and need of those inclined toward journalism as a profession. As in English 12, much of the material of the course is taken from the best current and periodical literature.

First and second semesters. Two or three hours.

## 13 History of English Literature

A survey of the development of the English language and of the history of English literature, with study of individual authors and representative works. Collateral reading and individual reports on assigned topics are required. The relation of the literature to the history of the country is emphasized throughout.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 14a Old English

Anglo-Saxon grammar and reader. Selections from old English prose and poetry. The history of the English language, and the beginnings of English culture.

First semester. Three hours.

## 14b Middle English

A continuation of course 14a. This course is devoted chiefly to the literature of the fourteenth century, with special attention to the works of Chaucer and Langland, the metrical romances, and the beginning of the drama. It includes the reading of Langland's *Piers Plowman*, Chaucer's *Canterbury Tales*, and some of the metrical romances of the time.

Second semester. Three hours.

## 15 American Literature

A study of American literature, both prose and poetry, with special emphasis upon its relation to American life and thought, and to contemporary English literature. Consideration of American periodical literature, including the newspaper, forms a part of this course.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 16 The Essay

A study of the development of the Essay as a definite literary form, with reading of the works of the principal essayists, especially of recent and contemporary writers, and attention to the development of English prose style and to literary criticism. Lectures and individual reports upon subjects assigned in connection with the work.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 17 Poetry of the Nineteenth Century

Reading of the poetry of England and America, with lectures and reports on individual topics. A study of the principles of poetics.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 18 The Novel

A survey of the development of narrative literature, with special reference to the modern novel and the short story. Extensive reading and analysis of selected works.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 19 Contemporary Literature

Reading, lectures, and reports in connection with the most important works in the literature of the day, including the magazines and other forms of periodical literature. This course may be given in combination with other courses.

First and second semesters. One or two hours.

## 20 Teachers' Course

A study of the works required for the college entrance examinations in English. Lectures, papers and class-room discussions, and practice teaching. To be taken with Education 17.

## 21 Nineteenth Century Literature

This course combining portions of courses 16, 17, and 18, is occasionally given. It covers, in rapid survey, the main currents of nineteenth century life and thought and their expression in literary form.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

For courses in Shakespeare and the Drama, see department of Dramatic Literature, page 85.

### Suggested Groups with Major in English

1		2		3		4	
English	28	English	28	English	24	English	24
Dramatic		German	16	History	16	Latin or	
Literature	6	French or		Economics	8	French	16
French or		Latin	8	French or		German	16
Latin	16	History	16	German	16	History	8
German	16	Philosophy	6	Mathematics	6	Mathematics	6
Education		Mathematics	6	Education		Education	
and		Science	10	and		and	
Philosophy	15	Economics	8	Philosophy	15	Philosophy	15
History	8	Bible	8	Science	10	Science	10
Mathematics	6	Electives	22	Bible	8	Bible	8
Science	10			Electives	25	Electives	25
Bible	8						
Electives	15						
	<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128

Group 1 is planned for students who are preparing to teach English; group 2, for those who expect to enter journalism or the law; and groups 3 and 4, for those intending to teach English in connection with another subject.

## FRENCH

See Department of Romance Languages, page 87.

## GEOLOGY

PROFESSOR GUBERLET

## 11 General Geology and Physiography

This course consists of a brief general survey of the subject of earth forms, physiography, structural, dynamic, and economic geology, and the chief facts of paleontology. The work of the course includes recitations from a text-book, illustrated lectures, reports on assigned reading, section-drawing from geological maps, and laboratory and field study of typical rocks, soils and physiographic forms. Open to all college students. Especially valuable to engineering students and prospective teachers of geography, physiography, and biology. Semester fee, \$1.00.

First and second semesters. Six hours.

## GERMAN

MRS. TUCKER

## 11 Freshman German

Schiller: *Jungfrau von Orleans*; Goethe: *Hermann und Dorothea*; Freytag: *Die Journalisten*. Memorizing of poems and study of short plays. A thorough review of grammar carried on entirely in the German language. Composition and reproductive translations throughout the year. Pope: *Writing and Speaking German*. One day of the week is devoted entirely to German conversation and, through outlines and complete lists of questions, students are taught terms and forms used in home, business, and travel.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

## 12 College Beginning German

For the benefit of students who enter college with no knowledge of German, a special class is formed which covers two years' work in one year and prepares for German 11.

First and second semesters. Five hours.

### 13 Sophomore German

Stroebe and Whitney: *Geschichte der deutschen Literatur*, with further study of authors. *Das Lied von der Glocke*, and other ballads and poems of famous authors. Mueller's *Deutsche Liebe*; or Schiller's *Maria Stuart*. Supplementary reading: Freytag's *Soll und Haben*; Heine's *Harzreise*; Scheffel's *Ekkehard*.

During the year the same composition and conversational work as in course 11 is continued once a week, and the entire course, so far as is possible, is conducted in German.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

### 14 Composition and Conversation

In this course, designed for students preparing to teach, or wishing to cultivate fluency in conversation, a thorough review of grammar is made. Reproductive work and independent themes are required and practical conversation is carried on.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

### 15 Lessing

*Nathan der Weise*, *Emilia Galotti*, and selections from *Laocoon*. A study of Lessing as a critic and of his influence upon the development of a national drama. An elective course for those who have had courses 11 and 13.

First semester. Three hours. Given in alternate years with German 17.

### 16 Goethe

A critical study of the different periods of Goethe's literary activity, together with a study of *Faust, Part One*.

Second semester. Three hours. Given in alternate years with German 17.

### 17 Contemporary German Literature

A study of novels, lyrics, and dramas of the modern period portraying the social and political tendencies of the times.

First and second semesters. Three hours. Given in alternate years with German 15 and 16.

## 18 Scientific German

For students specializing in science a course of reading in current scientific German is provided. It consists of the reading of German texts and of conversations, discussions, and written work in German, the aim being to familiarize the student with technical German.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

## Suggested Groups with Major in German

German	24	German	24	German	24
French	16	Latin	16	English	18
English	12	English	6	French	8
History	8	French	8	Education and	
Mathematics	6	Education and		Philosophy	15
Science	10	Philosophy	15	History	8
Philosophy	6	History	8	Mathematics	6
Bible	8	Mathematics	6	Science	10
Electives	28	Science	10	Bible	8
		Bible	8	Electives	81
		Electives	27		
	<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128

## GREEK

PRESIDENT HOUGHTON, PROFESSOR THEISS

## 11 Elementary Greek

A thorough study is made of the grammar, with special emphasis upon inflections, constructions, and vocabulary. Translation from the Greek into the English and from the English into the Greek is required. During the second semester the first book of Xenophon's *Anabasis* is read. Text: White's *First Greek Book*.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

## 12 Second Year Greek

Xenophon's *Anabasis*, II-IV is read. Text: Goodwin and White's *Anabasis*.

Homer's *Iliad*, I, III and VI, is read in the second semester. Text: Seymour's *Iliad*.

One hour per week of prose composition throughout the year.

First and second semesters. Four hours.



### 13 Lysias and Demosthenes

Selections from the speeches of Lysias and all of the *De Corona* of Demosthenes are read.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

### 14 Greek Tragedy

A careful study of the origin and structure of the Greek drama is made. Two plays each of Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides are read.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

### 15 Greek Philosophy

Plato's *Apology*, *Crito*, *Phaedo*, and selections from the *Republic* are read. A course of lectures on Greek philosophy is given.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

### 16 Greek Life and Thought

A course of lectures on the private and public life of the Greeks of the historical period. A careful study is made of the home life, dress, food, amusements, business, commerce, trades, professions, education, warfare, athletic sports and festivals, theatre, religion, political life, slavery, international law, mythology, literature and philosophy. This course is offered especially to juniors and seniors and is open to those who have not studied Greek. It alternates with a similar course on Roman private and public life, Latin 20.

First and second semesters. Two hours. Given in 1918-19.

### 17 Greek Poetry

The Epic. The greater part of the *Iliad* of Homer will be read, with especial attention to the last nine books. Text: Leaf and Bayfield. Outside reading: Murray, *The Rise of the Greek Epic*.

Odes of Pindar. Selections from the *Olympian* and *Pythian Odes* will be studied in class. Text: Gildersleeve. The entire collection, including the *Nemean* and *Isthmian Odes*, will be read in Myers' prose translation.



Idylls of Theocritus. The greater part of the collection will be studied. Text: Kynaston. The idylls of Theocritus, Bion and Moschus will be read in Lang's prose translation.

First and second semesters. Three hours. Given in 1918-19.

## 18 Greek Testament

The following portions of the New Testament in Greek will be read and interpreted: *The Gospel according to St. Mark; The Acts of the Apostles; The Epistle of St. Paul to the Romans.* Text: *The Oxford Greek New Testament.* Three exegetical papers will be prepared and delivered orally by each member of the class during the year.

First and second semesters. Three hours. Given in 1918-19.

### Suggested Groups with Major in Greek

1		2		3	
Greek	28	Greek	28	Greek	28
German	16	Latin	20	History	16
English	12	French	8	French	16
Education and		English	6	English	6
Philosophy	15	Education and		Education and	
History	8	Philosophy	15	Philosophy	15
Mathematics	6	History	8	Mathematics	6
Science	10	Mathematics	6	Science	10
Bible	8	Science	10	Bible	8
Electives	25	Bible	8	Electives	23
		Electives	19		
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## HISTORY AND ECONOMICS

PROFESSOR CLELAND, ACTING PROFESSOR DOWELL,  
PROFESSOR THEISS

### History

## 11 History of England

The history of England from the earliest times to the time of the Norman conquest is briefly considered. Attention is given to the period from the twelfth century to the present time with increasing emphasis upon the later centuries. The aim is to study the growth of liberty, the characteristics of the British constitution, the development of the empire, and to note the social and industrial history of the nation.

First semester. Four hours. Course 14, second semester.

## 29 England Since 1815

This course deals with the social, political and economic development of England since 1815. After a brief survey of the English industrial revolution, such topics as the labor movement, factory legislation, the development of English agriculture and commerce, the growth of political democracy, educational legislation, the Irish problem and English imperialism are discussed. Text, lectures, outside readings and one term paper.

Second semester. Three hours.

## 12 History of the United States

This course is a survey of the history of the United States from the later years of the colonial period to the present time. Attention is given to the commercial and industrial development of the nation, as well as to the constitutional and political history.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

## 13 General History of Europe

A study of the history of Europe from the time of the Germanic Migrations to the Congress of Vienna. The course is a study of the progress in civilization, the development of the social and political life of the people, and the rise of modern nations.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 14 History of Recent Times

This course is a study of the history of Europe from the period of the French Revolution to the present time. It involves a consideration of the career of Napoleon, the rearrangement of Europe by the Congress of Vienna, and the revolutionary movement in the several states of Europe. The unification of Germany and Italy and the progress of European states in recent times are objects of special study.

Second semester. Three hours.

## 15 History of the Ancient World

(a) History of the Orient and Greece. A brief introductory survey of Oriental civilization is made. Then follows an intensive study of the political development of the Greeks, down to the death of Alexander, with proper emphasis upon the various phases of Greek civilization. The course consists of lectures, and collateral reading with frequent reports. Open to all students except freshmen.

First semester. Three hours.

(b) History of Rome. This course offers a comprehensive study of Roman History from the earliest times to 500 A. D. Special attention is given to the political changes of the Republic and to the development of the social and economic conditions of the Empire. The material for the course is presented in lectures. Collateral reading and frequent reports are required. Open to all students except freshmen.

Second semester. Three hours.

For courses in Greek Life and Thought and Roman Life and Thought, see Department of Greek, page 62, and Department of Latin, page 73.

## Economics

## 19 Principles of Economics

A consideration of the fundamental principles of economics; definition of terms; the theory of value, production, consumption, and distribution; factors of production; shares in distribution; present day economic problems; the problems of wages, labor unions, trusts and monopolies, tariff, taxation, immigration, socialism, and social reform.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 20 Money and Banking

A study of the principles of money and credit; evolution of money; functions of money; forms of money; the monetary system of the United States. The history and development of banking with special attention to the American systems. The national bank, its organization, departments and operations. The Federal Reserve system. Foreign banking systems, and international banking.

First semester. Four hours.

## 20a Public Finance

A study of federal, state, and municipal taxation and expenditure in the United States. Attention is given to methods of taxation, the budget, public debts, and problems of adjustment between the local, state, and national governments.

Second semester. Three hours.

## 21 Economic Resources and Commercial Geography

This course is a study of natural resources of the United States. It includes an examination of the mineral and agricultural advantages and the industrial conditions and opportunities of the different sections of the country, with some attention to the resources and needs of lands which constitute the market for our foreign trade.

One semester. Two hours.

## 22 Accounting

A study of the theory and method of modern accounting systems. By performing the accounting processes, keeping the records, and preparing the various balance sheets and reports, the student acquires a practical knowledge of the principles of accounting and information which will enable him to apply these principles to the problems of a business executive.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 23 Social Economy

This is a study of modern philanthropy. It deals with such problems as the causes and extent of poverty, the care of dependent and defective classes, the administration of modern preventive and constructive charity, and the training of social workers.

One semester. Three hours.

## 24 Business Administration

This is a course primarily designed for students who contemplate a business career. The principles and methods according to which modern business is organized and financed, investments, credits and collections, and commercial policies constitute the

work of the first part of the course. In the second part of the course, such problems as "scientific management," the internal organization and direction of the business, markets and methods of distribution, labor problems, and profit-sharing plans are given consideration.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 17 Administrative and Business Law

The course aims, not to fit the student to take an examination at the bar or to be his own lawyer, but rather to furnish a fair acquaintance with those legal principles and ideas which are involved in ordinary business affairs, and thereby to furnish him with such useful information as will enable him to know when he ought to consult a lawyer in order to avoid business pitfalls. Some of the subjects considered are the following: Contracts; Agency; Acquisition of Property and Transfer of Same; Wills; Deeds; Bankruptcy and Insolvency; Insurance; Negotiable Paper; Partnership; Stock-Companies; Corporations; Common Carriers; Domestic Relations and Wrongs.

One semester. Three hours.

## Political Science

### 11 Introduction to Political Science

This course aims to give a general survey of the field of Politics. Such topics as the origin of the state, the sovereignty of the state, the liberty of the individual, the relation of the states to one another, the form of the state, the separation of powers, the legislature, executive and judiciary, the electorate, federal, colonial, local and party government are considered. Text, lectures, and assigned reading.

First semester. Two hours.

### 16 International Law

This course affords a careful study of the laws of war, peace, and neutrality, together with a consideration of proposed plans of arbitration. Particular attention is given to cases

in which the United States is directly interested. Attention is also given to the related subject of diplomacy and to the place and power of America in the affairs of states.

One semester. Three hours.

## 18 American Government and Politics

This is a general study of the American Government, having special reference to the sources and development of the federal constitution, the state constitutions, the organization and working of our federal, state and municipal governments, with allied political and social agencies.

One semester. Three hours.

## 26 Municipal Government

A study of the organization and administration of the municipality. Attention is given to such topics as: city charters; the political party in the city; party organization; the caucus; the suffrage; the initiative, referendum, and recall; government by commission; the city-manager plan. Attention will be given, also, to the study of municipal systems of Europe.

One semester. Three hours.

## 28 State Government in the United States

This course aims to acquaint the student with the way in which our state governments do their work. Emphasis is placed upon the function rather than the structure of government. The origin and development of our state governments, the state electorates, the political party, the conduct of elections, the state legislatures, the state executives, the state judiciary, the constitutional convention, direct legislation by the electorates and recent tendencies in state government are the topics considered. Text, lectures, reports and assigned readings.

Second semester. Two hours.

## 27 Comparative Government

A study of the constitutional organization and operation of the principal governments of the world, especially the governments of the United States, England, France, and Germany, with attention to current political questions.

One semester. Three hours.



## Suggested Groups with Major in History

1		2		3		4	
History	32	History	24	History	24	History	24
Education		Sociology	16	English	18	Political	
and		English	12	Mathematics	6	Economy	16
Philosophy	12	Mathematics	6	Education		Sociology	8
Mathematics	6	Philosophy	6	and		English	12
Biology	10	Science	10	Philosophy	15	Mathematics	6
Chemistry	10	German	16	Biology	10	Philosophy	6
German	16	Latin or		Chemistry	10	Science	10
Latin or		French	8	German	16	German	16
French	8	Bible	8	Latin or		Latin or	
English	12	Electives	22	French	8	French	8
Bible	8			Bible	8	Bible	8
Electives	14			Electives	13	Electives	14
	<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128

Groups 1 and 2 are especially adapted to the needs of those who contemplate the study of law.

Group 3 is designed to meet the needs of those who may desire to prepare to teach History and English in the high school.

One year of work in Politics or in Practical Sociology may be classed with the work in Economics by students seeking to do major work in this department.

The student should plan to take courses 12 and 18, and course 13 in freshman and sophomore years, and courses 11 and 14 and course 15 in junior and senior years.

## HOME ECONOMICS

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### 11 Preparation of Foods

A theoretical and practical course in the fundamental processes of cookery. The course includes a study of the composition of foods; their classification; food economy; selection, care and preservation of foods; proper combinations for meals.

First and second semesters. Two three-hour periods per week.

### 12 Advanced Cookery

This course includes advanced practical work in fundamental cooking processes and the planning of menus to meet the needs of the body, with special reference to the cost of foods. This course is open to those who have completed course 11.

First semester. Two three-hour periods per week.



**13 Dietetics**

A theoretical and practical course in the fundamental principles of human nutrition. Open to those who have completed course 12.

Second semester. One two-hour period per week.

**14 Household Economics**

A course of lectures and practical work treating of the care and general management of the home, under varying conditions.

First semester. One hour.

**15 Home Nursing**

This course includes lectures and practical work in the care of the sick in the home, with special reference to the preparation of food for the sick.

Second semester. One period, one and one-half hours, per week.

**16 Home Decoration**

This course includes a study of the principles of design as applied to interior decoration; wall coverings; floor coverings; curtains; hangings; furniture, etc. The course is designed to give the students a knowledge of these things from the economic as well as from the decorative point of view, in order that they may be able to choose intelligently those things best suited to their needs.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

**17 Garment Making**

This course includes the cutting, fitting and making from patterns of certain garments which involve the fundamental and practical problems in sewing. It includes practice in hand and machine sewing, care of machines, and such study of the textile fibers used and their processes of manufacture as shall lead to judgment and taste in selection of material as suited in wearing quality, adaptability to use, and permanence of color. Students provide materials and patterns subject to approval of instructor.

Second semester. Two hours.

In connection with the work in Home Economics, the following courses will be of especial benefit and importance to the student, affording, as they do, a consistent, well-rounded, and practical body of knowledge:

Biology 19 and 23; Chemistry 11a and 22; Education 19; Philosophy 11; Physics 11a; Sociology 11 and 12.

These courses are described in detail under the several department headings.

## LATIN

PROFESSOR THEISS

### 10a Beginning Latin

This course is open to all college students who have not had Latin in high school. A thorough study of Latin grammar is followed by a reading of selections from various authors, including the first two books of Caesar's *Gallic War*.

First and second semesters. Five hours.

### 10 Cicero and Virgil

Six orations of Cicero and six books of Virgil's *Aeneid* are read. Prose composition is required during the second semester. This course, or its equivalent, is prerequisite for course 11, and is provided for those students who enter with only two years of Latin.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

### 11 Livy, Tacitus, Cicero, and Ovid

Livy: selections from Books 21 and 22. Special points of emphasis: grammatical construction, the growth of Roman institutions, and the period of the Punic wars.

Tacitus: *Germania* and *Agricola*.

Cicero: *De Senectute* and *De Amicitia*.

Careful tracing of all historical illusions.

Outline of Roman philosophy.

Ovid: selections from the *Metamorphoses*.

Latin prose composition.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

## 12 Horace, Tacitus, and Plautus

Horace: the *Odes* and *Carmen Saeculare*.

Tacitus: selections from the *Annals*.

Plautus: two plays.

Prose composition and sight translation.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

## 13 Seneca and Lucretius

Seneca: three tragedies.

Lucretius: *De Rerum Natura*, Book I.

Advanced prose composition, sight translation.

First semester. Three hours. Given in 1917-18.

## 14 Lucretius and Juvenal

Lucretius: *De Rerum Natura*, Books III and V.

Juvenal: selections from the *Satires*.

Advanced prose composition; sight translation.

Second semester. Three hours. Given in 1917-18.

## 15 Catullus and Martial

Catullus: selection from the *Odes*. Special attention is given to meters.

Martial: selections from the *Epigrams*. (Completed in the second semester.)

First semester. Three hours.

## 16 Teachers' Course

Latin grammar is especially emphasized. The authors usually read in high schools are reviewed. Lectures are given in which methods of teaching Latin are discussed. Practice teaching is required and is carried on in connection with Education 17.

Second semester. Three hours.

## 17 Roman Correspondence

Selected Letters of Cicero and Pliny the Younger.

First semester. Three hours. Alternates with course 15.

## 18 Roman Comedy

Selected plays of Plautus and Terence.

Second semester. Three hours. Alternates with Juvenal of course 14.

## 19 Latin Prose

Advanced composition for seniors.

First semester. One hour.

## 20 Roman Private and Public Life

A course of lectures on the private and public life of the Romans. The following topics are fully treated: home life, Roman house, dress, food, amusements, business, trades, education, methods of warfare, religion, political life, international law, mythology, and literature. The history of ancient ruins is also treated. This course is open to juniors and seniors.

First and second semesters. Two hours. Given in 1917-18, and alternate years.

## Suggested Groups with Major in Latin

1		2		3	
Latin	20	Latin	20	Latin	20
German	16	Greek	20	History	16
French	8	French	8	French	8
English	12	English	6	English	6
Education and		Education and		German	16
Philosophy	15	Philosophy	15	Education and	
History	8	History	8	Philosophy	15
Mathematics	6	Mathematics	6	Mathematics	6
Science	10	Science	10	Science	10
Bible	8	Bible	8	Bible	8
Electives	25	Electives	27	Electives	23
	<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128

## LIBRARY SCIENCE

MISS BEAN

## 11 Reference Work and Bibliography

The aim of this course is to acquaint the students with the library, to familiarize them with books of reference, to enable them to look up subjects expeditiously, to encourage them in

independent research, and to aid in the valuation of authorities, and in proper selection of material upon specific subjects. The course includes the study of reference books, indexes, periodicals, and bibliography. It is intended especially for the freshman and is given in connection with English 11, of which course it may constitute a part.

## 12 Library Methods

This course is especially designed to enable those who are preparing for teaching to organize school libraries and to direct reference work. In addition to a systematic study of the resources of a library, as offered in course 11, particular attention is given to methods of classification, cataloguing, and general library administration. The course is open to juniors and seniors and may be given in connection with one or more of the courses in Education.

Second semester. One hour.

## MATHEMATICS

PROFESSOR RAY, PROFESSOR DANCEY, MR. FRIES

## 11 Algebra

The course begins with a review of various subjects of elementary algebra, with stronger requirements in matters of development than is possible in a beginning course. The more advanced work may include the progressions, ratio, proportion and variation, binomial theorem, logarithms, series, probability, graphical representation, and solution of equations. Required of freshmen.

First semester. Three hours.

## 11a Algebra

This course is designed to supplement course 11. Special attention is given to the principles of graphs and the sketching of algebraic and transcendental functions. The work forms an excellent basis for the study of analytical geometry.

First semester. Two hours.

## 12 Trigonometry

Students taking this course must have completed plane and solid, including spherical, geometry. The co-ordinates of a point and their relation to the change of angle at the point of origin are first presented, then the function of an angle and thorough drill upon the equations involving the functions, and the application of these equations to the solution of the right triangle, with and without the use of logarithms. The development of formulas used in the solution of all triangles receives especial attention. Required of freshmen.

Second semester. Three hours.

## 13 Algebra, Trigonometry, and Graphical Methods

This course includes material, selected and co-ordinated, from algebra, trigonometry, and analytical geometry, with drill in use of instruments and methods of computing. Required of freshmen in engineering.

First semester. Five hours.

## 14 Analytic Geometry and Trigonometry

Open to students who have had courses 11 and 12, or 13. Further work in trigonometry is given, followed by plane and solid analytical geometry. Required of freshmen in engineering.

Second semester. Five hours.

## 15 Differential and Integral Calculus

Open to students who have had course 14. All who wish to go beyond the elements of the physical sciences should take this course, as the modern treatment of these subjects is based upon the calculus.

First and second semesters. Five hours.

## 16 Differential Equations

Open to students to have had course 15. Recommended to those who wish to specialize in mathematics or physics.

First semester. Three hours.

## 17 Theory of Equations and Graphical Analysis

The subject matter of the course is based on the treatment of the Theory of Equations as found in *Dickson's Introduction to the Theory of Algebraic Equations* and is supplemented by an analytical study of various types of equations from the graphical view point.

## 18 Descriptive Geometry

Problems relating to points, lines, planes, and surfaces of revolution, with practical applications. The course requires four hours of drawing, one home exercise, and one recitation per week. Text: Phillips and Millar's *Descriptive Geometry*. Prerequisite: Mechanical Drawing.

First semester. Three hours.

## 19 Mechanical Drawing

This course presents the elements of machine drafting. Instruction is given in the use of instruments, lettering, sketching machine parts, working drawings, tracing, and blue printing. The course is based on Phillips' plates, Adams' *Mechanical Drawing*, and Phillips' *Lettering Manual*. Students are required to provide themselves with instruments of good quality.

First and second semesters. Six hours.

## 20 Surveying

Lectures, recitations, field and office work in the theory, care, use, and adjustments of Wye and dumpy levels, hand levels, compass, transit, and planimeter, in the platting of areas and profiles, and in the making of topographic maps. The field work includes the use of chain and tape, determination of areas with tape and transit, differential and profile leveling, running of lines and traverses, triangulation, observation on the sun and Polaris, and the use of the stadia. A careful study is made of United States land survey methods, original surveys, re-establishment of corners and boundaries, and court decisions relating thereto. Problems are assigned in farm surveying, relocation of boundaries, partition of land, etc. Johnson's *Surveying*,



Smith's *Surveying Manual*, and adjustment blue prints are used in the course.

First and second semesters. Six hours of field work and two hours of class work per week. Six unit hours.

## 20a Surveying

A one semester course similar to the first semester of course 20, but so modified as to accommodate those who do not expect to enter engineering. The course includes the use of the chain and tape, use and adjustments of the Wye and dumpy levels and the transit, computation of areas, and government surveying. Equipment for the course will be: Smith's *Field Manual*; notebook for field use; adjustment blue prints; small pocket lens; and adjustment pin.

First semester. Three hours.

## 21 Advanced Surveying

Topographic and hydrographic surveying, and the elements of railway curves. The field work includes the use of the plane table and stadia in making topographic surveys, a survey of the bed of Lake Pewaukee, measurement of the discharge of the Fox River, and method of locating curves. The office work includes calculations and platting and marking of maps. Johnson's *Surveying* and Allen's *Railway Curves* are used in this course.

Second semester. One lecture and six hours of field and office work per week.

## 22 Mechanics

A course in applied mechanics based on Maurer's *Technical Mechanics*. Physical principles are here applied especially to engineering problems. The subject requires a thorough working knowledge of calculus and elementary mechanics.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

## 23 Teachers' Course

For those who are preparing to teach any branch of mathematics a special course is offered with a credit of one unit hour, this course to be taken in connection with Education 17.

## Suggested Groups with Major in Mathematics

1		2		3	
Mathematics	20	Mathematics	20	Mathematics	20
Physics	14	History	16	Physics	14
Chemistry	15	German	16	Education and	
Mineralogy	5	French	8	Philosophy	15
Geology	6	Physiology	10	Chemistry	15
German	16	Biology	10	Physiology	10
French	8	Chemistry	10	German	16
English	6	English	6	French	8
History	8	Philosophy	6	English	6
Philosophy	6	Bible	8	Bible	8
Bible	8	Electives	18	History	8
Electives	16			Electives	8
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Group 1 may be taken as a pre-engineering group.

Groups 2 and 3 would be suitable for those who are preparing to teach.

## MUSIC

PROFESSOR SHEPARD, PROFESSOR BISHOP, MISS WILLSON

Students in the college have an opportunity of electing certain work in music which has recognized cultural and scholarly value. A maximum credit of thirty unit hours in Theory, History of Music, Appreciation of Music and related subjects may be allowed toward the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

A further presentation of the work in music may be found under the statement of the Department of Music on page 89.

## 11 Harmony

Elementary course. Music notation, knowledge and use of the various clefs, the principle of transposition; keys, scales, signatures, intervals, triads and their inversions, chords of the seventh, and harmonization of melodies and figured basses.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

## 12 Harmony

Advanced course. Study of chord relationships, and progressions, modulation, altered chords, enharmonic changes, sus-

pension, ornamental tones, organ point, melodic figuration and accompaniment. The work is done through the harmonization of melodies and figured basses.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

### 13 Counterpoint

Supplying two, three, or more additional voices in the five orders of counterpoint to choral melodies and other *canti firmi*.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

### 14 Counterpoint; Canon and Fugue

Double counterpoint in three, four, or more parts. The study and writing of canons in the various intervals, and of figures in three and four voices, with careful study of the works of Bach and other contrapuntal masters.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

### 15 Ear-training and Solfeggio

First and second semesters. Two hours.

### 16 Ear-training and Solfeggio

First and second semesters. One hour.

### 17 History of Music

A general survey of musical history from its crudest to its most perfect forms, with illustrations and lectures.

First and second semesters. One hour.

### 18 History of Music

Continuation of course 17.

First and second semesters. One hour.

### 19 Musical Forms and Analysis

This course treats of the analysis of the smaller song forms, variations, dance forms, masses, concertos, sonatas, and fugues.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

**20 Musical Forms and Analysis**

Continuation of course 19.

First and second semesters. One hour.

**21 Musical Appreciation**

Lectures on the growth and development of music and its relation to the other arts and literature. The analysis of music forms and a general survey of musical literature with illustrations, vocal and instrumental. This course requires no previous knowledge of music and is open to students in all departments of the college.

First and second semesters. One hour.

**22 Applied Music**

Advanced work in piano, voice, organ or violin.

**23 Ensemble Playing and Singing**

First and second semesters. One hour.

**24 Public School Methods**

First and second semesters. Two hours.

**PHILOSOPHY**

PROFESSOR ROGERS

**11 Psychology**

A study of the general field of psychology from the biological point of view. Recitation, lectures, experiments and demonstrations.

First semester. Three hours.

Given in the Department of Education.

**12 Logic**

A study of the principles of correct reasoning and of the methods of science, and an outline of the philosophical theory of thought. Recitations, lectures, and practical exercises.

First semester. Three hours.

## 16 Ethics

A course in practical ethics conducted by means of texts, lectures, and conferences.

**Second semester. Three hours.**

## 17 History of Philosophy

A study of the development of philosophy ancient and modern. The influences of religious and scientific thought and of political and economic conditions upon philosophy are closely traced.

**First and second semesters. Three hours.**

## 18 The History and Philosophy of Religion

(a) A survey of primitive religion and of the chief organized religions of the world.

(b) The nature and development of religion; relation of religion to psychology, ethics, history, and science; the validity of faith; theistic argument for the Christian conception of God; progress and destiny of man.

**First and second semesters. Three hours.**

## 22 Sociology

General and practical sociology. Texts: Giddings, and Henderson.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

### Suggested Groups with Major in Philosophy

Philosophy and Education	30	Philosophy	26	Philosophy	26	Philosophy	26
English	6	English	12	Biology	16	History	16
Mathematics	6	Mathematics	6	English	6	English	6
History	8	History	8	Mathematics	6	German	16
Science	10	Science	10	History	8	French or Latin	8
German	16	Latin or French	8	German	16	Bible	8
Latin or French	8	German	16	Chemistry	10	Science	10
Bible	8	Bible	8	Latin or French	8	Mathematics	6
Electives	36	Electives	34	Bible	8	Electives	32
				Electives	24		
	128		128		128		128

## PHYSICS

PROFESSOR DANCEY, MR. TANGHE

## 11 General Physics

This is a course in the fundamental facts and principles of physical science. The work of the class-room is closely correlated with that of the laboratory, where the student is trained in accurate verifications and proof of physical laws as well as in the care and manipulation of apparatus. During the first half year mechanics, heat, and sound are studied. Electricity, magnetism, and light form the subject matter during the second semester. Duff: *A Text-Book of Physics*. Recommended for sophomores in engineering and mathematics.

First and second semesters. Two lectures, two recitations, and two laboratory periods each week. Ten unit hours.

## 11a General Physics

A course less rigid in mathematical applications than the preceding. Students who do not expect to major in physics or to follow engineering, but who wish a general knowledge of physics should take this course. While the mathematical difficulties are reduced in this course it should be preceded by college algebra and trigonometry. Three hours of class room work and two hours of laboratory work are required per week.

First and second semesters. Eight unit hours.

## 11b Special Problems

This course forms a part of course 11. It may be taken by those who have completed course 11a or its equivalent. The greater part of the time devoted to this course will be used in the solution of special problems in mechanics and electricity.

First and second semesters. Two unit hours.

## 12 Mechanics

A theoretical and experimental study of the general principles of motion and equilibrium, forces, torques, rotational inertia, etc. The treatment is more analytical than in course 11.



Text: Johnson's *Theoretical Mechanics*. Prerequisites: Physics 11, and Calculus.

First semester, three hours; second semester, two hours.

### 13 Electrical Measurements

In this course the more general laws of electricity and magnetism are discussed, the practical equations employed in the laboratory are derived, and their application in electrical engineering developed. The laboratory work includes the measurement, by one or more methods, of electric currents, resistance, electro-motive forces, temperature-coefficients, capacity; a study of the magnetic properties of iron and steel; thermo-electric effects; the use of Carey Foster bridge, potentiometer, copper voltameter, etc. Text: Brooks and Poyser's *Electricity and Magnetism*, and Carhart and Patterson's *Electrical Measurements*.

First and second semesters. Two recitations and two laboratory exercises each week. Eight unit hours.

### 14 Electrical Testing

A laboratory course covering the operation of dynamos, motors, and transformers.

First and second semesters. Credit according to amount and quality of work done.

### 15 Principles and Practice of Photography

A course of lectures and laboratory work covering the laws of photographic action. The laboratory work includes a study of time of exposure and time of development on plate density and opacity, practice in securing properly exposed negatives, making of lantern slides, enlarging, etc.

First semester. Three hours.

### 16 Light

Lectures and laboratory work based on Edser's *Light for Students* and Mann's *Physical Optics*. A study of interference, dispersion, diffraction, and polarization.

Second semester. Four hours.

**17 Physical Manipulation**

A practice course in glass blowing, soldering, etc.

First or second semester. One hour.

**18 Teachers' Course**

Assigned readings with reports and discussions of methods of teaching physics together with practice in actual teaching.

First or second semester. One unit hour.

**Suggested Groups with Major in Physics**

1		2		3	
Physics	24	Physics	24	Physics	24
Mathematics	20	Mathematics	16	Mathematics	24
Chemistry	20	Chemistry	15	Chemistry	20
Biology	10	Biology	10	German	20
German	16	German	16	English	6
Philosophy	6	Philosophy	6	Philosophy	6
English	6	English	12	Economics	4
History	8	History	8	History	8
Bible	8	Bible	8	Bible	8
Electives	10	Electives	13	Electives	8
	<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128		<hr/> 128

**PUBLIC SPEAKING AND DRAMATIC  
LITERATURE**

PROFESSOR RANKIN

**Public Speaking****11 Literary Interpretation**

Impersonation, dramatic reading, expressive voice culture, responsiveness in gesture, preparation for public recitals.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

**11a Literary Interpretation**

Evolution of expression, dramatic art, recitals.

First and second semesters. Four hours. Given in 1918-19.

**12 Argumentation and Debate**

Study of analysis, evidence, refutation, brief-drawing and presentation; practical application of these principles in debate; direct preparation for intercollegiate debate.

Text-book: Denny, Duncan and McKinney, *Argumentation and Debate*.

First and second semesters. Two hours. Given in 1918-19.

### 13 Public Speaking

Study of representative orators, their lives and methods; analysis of their speeches. Study of different forms of address: the eulogy, the legislative address, and the after dinner speech. Original work. Extempore speaking. Direct preparation for intercollegiate contests.

Text-books: Hardwick's *History of Oratory*; Baker's *Forms of Public Address*.

First and second semesters. Two hours. Given in 1918-19.

### 14 Pulpit Oratory, Bible and Hymn Reading

First semester. Two hours.

### 15 Parliamentary Law

Text-book: *Robert's Rules of Order*.

First semester. One hour. Given in 1918-19.

### 16 Normal Course

Practice in teaching expression; voice culture; physical culture; visible speech.

First and second semesters. Five hours. Given in 1918-19.

### 16a Platform Art

Voice culture; physical culture; gestures; interpretation.

First and second semesters. Five hours.

## Dramatic Literature

### 11 Dramatic Interpretation of the Book of Job

Second semester. Two hours.

### 12 Shakespeare

Thorough study of two tragedies, two comedies, and two historical plays, including extensive character analysis founded on

the text, character sketches, study of ethical problems, dramatic analysis, criticisms by prominent writers, and dramatic interpretation.

First and second semesters. Two hours.

### 13 Shakespeare: Reading Course

The complete works of Shakespeare, his life and art. History of the drama.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

### 14 Modern Drama

Ibsen, Hauptmann, Maeterlinck, Rostand, Phillips, Yeats, and others. Three plays are publicly presented each year under the direction of the department.

First and second semesters. Three hours.

To college students wishing to specialize in this work, a two years' professional course is offered. The advantage in this school of expression lies in the opportunity it gives of taking almost all of the instruction under the head of the department. Twenty-five private lessons under Miss Rankin during each of the two years will be given to the candidates for graduation and for these lessons a special fee of twenty-five dollars each year will be charged. Otherwise the work is included in the regular tuition of thirty-eight dollars a semester, and credit is given for all the courses toward a regular A. B. degree. If a student plans his work at the beginning of the college course it will be possible to secure, at the end of four years, an A. B. degree, and also a certificate of graduation from the department of Public Speaking and Dramatic Literature. Full credit for the work done in this department is given in the best professional schools.

Intercollegiate debates occur each year and state oratorical contests. Two plays are given during the year under the direction of the department.

Students may be secured as readers by application to the head of the department.

The following two years' course is offered :

FIRST YEAR			SECOND YEAR		
Public Speaking	11	4 hrs.	Public Speaking	11a	4 hrs.
Public Speaking	12	2 hrs.	Public Speaking	13	2 hrs.
Public Speaking	15	1 hr.	Public Speaking	16a	5 hrs.
Public Speaking	16	5 hrs.	Dramatic Literature	14	3 hrs.
Dramatic Literature	13	3 hrs.	Normal Work.		
Private Lessons.			Private Lessons.		
Gymnasium.			Gymnasium.		
Psychology	11	3 hrs.	Education	17	3 hrs.
English	11	6 hrs.	English		6 hrs.

Suggested groups for those wishing to take an A. B. degree and also to graduate from the department of Public Speaking and Dramatic Literature in four years :

1	2	3
Public Speaking 24	Public Speaking 24	Public Speaking 24
English 12	English 12	English 12
Dramatic Literature 12	Dramatic Literature 12	Dramatic Literature 12
Language 16	German 16	German 24
Bible 8	French 16	French 8
Education 6	Bible 8	Bible 8
Mathematics 6	Education 6	Education 12
Science 10	Mathematics 6	Mathematics 6
History 8	Science 10	Science 10
Electives 26	History 8	History 12
	Electives 10	
<hr/> 128	<hr/> 128	<hr/> 128

## ROMANCE LANGUAGES

PROFESSOR ROGERS

### French

#### 11 Elementary French

(a)—Grammar; mastery of verbal inflections, construction of sentences, and idiomatic usages of the French language, by constant oral drill and written exercises, with reading of selected stories.

(b)—Reading of selected intermediate French texts, with conversations, grammatical analysis in French, and consecutive French composition.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

#### 12 Literary French

Reading and study of masterpieces of French literature, classic and modern. Works of different periods and of different types are read, and so varied from year to year as to give oppor-

tunity for continued, consecutive work in the subject. Attention is given to the history of the literature, and training in writing and speaking French is continued.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

### 13 Technical French

This course includes an amount of reading equal to that of course 12, and the method of study is the same. The material read and studied is selected to represent various departments of technical study and writing, historical, philosophical, scientific.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

## Spanish

### 11 Elementary Spanish

Phonetic pronunciation, elements of grammar with oral and written exercises based upon texts read and upon charts and wall pictures to illustrate the common and idiomatic uses of the language. Special attention is given to dictation and commercial correspondence.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

### 12 Advanced Spanish

This course continues all the work of Spanish 11. Standard authors are read. The history of the literature is studied and practice in speaking and writing the language is continued.

First and second semesters. Four hours.

## Suggested Groups for Major in Romance Languages

1		2		3	
French	24	French	24	French	24
Spanish	16	Spanish	8	Italian	8
English	12	Latin	16	English	18
History	8	English	6	Education and	
Mathematics	6	Education and		Philosophy	15
Science	10	Philosophy	15	History	8
Philosophy	6	History	8	Mathematics	6
Bible	8	Mathematics	6	Science	10
Electives	38	Science	10	Bible	8
		Bible	8	Electives	31
		Electives	27		
	<hr/>		<hr/>		<hr/>
	128		128		128

## SOCIOLOGY

See Departments of History and Economics and of Philosophy.



## Department of Music

The object of the Department of Music is to offer extensive courses in the practical and the theoretical study of all branches of the art and science of music, and to furnish instruction in such other subjects as may be considered necessary for the fullest development of the student's faculties, preparatory to the pursuit of music as a profession. It provides also for the study of music as an adjunct to general culture, or as an accomplishment.

Instruction is offered in piano, voice, organ, violin, and in history of music, harmony, counterpoint, composition, musical form and analysis, choral practice, solfeggio, and ear-training, and methods in public school music. Special arrangements are made for students not wishing to take up the literary work required for the degree of Bachelor of Music, but desiring to devote themselves more especially to the study of music with little or no collateral work and with a view of graduation either in the teachers' course or graduation class. However, it is expected that boarding students will take some literary studies. Students taking advanced work in music may be allowed thirty unit hours, twenty hours in theoretical music and ten in advanced applied music, towards the degree of Bachelor of Arts. No credit in practical music will be given until the student shall have completed two years' work in Theory, and no credit will be allowed for less than a year's work in Theory.

### Advantages

The advantages of instruction in a conservatory, or college of music, over private instruction are so manifold and varied and so obvious to the serious minded that merely to mention the most important will be sufficient. The musical profession, unfortunately, includes many incompetent teachers, since it is a profession open to all, whether properly qualified or not. The faculty of the music department of a college is chosen with special reference to the fitness and ability of its members as teachers and artists; it would not be in the interest of such an

institution to sacrifice its reputation by employing other than capable and expert teachers. Theory and practice should be united in the successful study of music. It is possible to secure good instruction from private teachers, provided the best are selected; still it is only a conservatory with carefully chosen specialists in every department that can offer to the student the facilities necessary for securing a complete equipment as a musician and give him the necessary preparation for successful artistic work as teacher or virtuoso. Again, the atmosphere of a conservatory is in itself stimulating. The broadening and inspiring influence of a good college is inimical to the limited culture and narrow horizons to be avoided by music students of ambition and high ideals. A conservatory cannot fail to create ambition and self-reliance among its students. By observation of the attainments of those who have acquired a higher degree of proficiency, the student is inspired to a greater effort, his forces are directed along right lines, and his perceptive and critical faculties are sharpened. Confidence and self-control are acquired by frequent performances before others, and the student is surrounded by influences helpful to the cultivation of a refined musical taste.

### Recitals

Frequent recitals are given by members of the faculty and the students, the latter being thus enabled not only to cultivate their musical taste by hearing the best music interpreted by competent artists, but also to develop to the fullest extent their own ability for public performance. The close proximity of Carroll College to Milwaukee gives to the students the advantages of living in a musical center.

### Courses in Music

- I. A four year course in Applied Music, Theory, and History of Music, with literary requirements leading to the degree of Bachelor of Music.
- II. A four year course in Applied Music, Theory, and History of Music, leading to a Diploma from the School of Music.
- III. A two year Normal Course in Piano Methods.

IV. A two year course in Vocal Methods.

V. A two year course in Public School Music.

A Teacher's Certificate is given at the completion of Courses III and IV.

A detailed statement of specific subjects offered may be found on page 78.

## Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Music

The following course leads to the degree of Bachelor of Music :

### Freshman Year

Applied Music (Piano, Voice, or Violin) : Two private lessons (half-hour each) and not less than twelve hours practice per week.

Harmony, course 11a (Music).

Key-board Harmony, course 11b.

Ear-training and Solfeggio, course 15.

History of Music, course 17.

Literary Studies.

### Sophomore Year

Applied Music: Two private lessons (half-hour each) and not less than twelve hours of practice per week.

Harmony, course 12a.

Key-board Harmony, course 12b.

Ear-training and Solfeggio, course 16.

History of Music, course 18.

Normal Methods, courses 26 and 27.

Literary Studies.

### Junior Year

Applied Music: Two private lessons (half-hour each) and not less than twelve hours of practice per week.

Counterpoint, course 13.

Musical Form and Analysis, course 19.

Ensemble, course 23.

Literary Studies.

### Senior Year

Applied Music: Two private lessons (half-hour each) and not less than twelve hours of practice per week.

Counterpoint, Composition, course 14.

Musical Form and Analysis, course 20.

Musical Appreciation, course 21.

Ensemble.

Literary Studies.

In the above course the candidate for a degree must receive one-fourth of the total number of credits in literary studies required for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, that is, thirty-two.

Students finishing the course without the literary requirements will be granted a Diploma from the School of Music.

Students finishing the sophomore year and taking the course in Normal Methods will be granted a Teacher's Certificate.

Candidates for a degree or diploma in voice must have at least two years of pianoforte study, but the Counterpoint 13, and the Counterpoint, Canon and Fugue 14, are not required, and membership in the choral union, glee club, or opera class may be substituted for the ensemble playing of the junior and senior years.

The course in violin is the same as in piano, except that orchestral rehearsals may be substituted in part for the ensemble work of the junior and senior years.

## PIANO

PROFESSOR SHEPARD, MISS WILLSON

Careful attention is given to the playing of every conservatory pupil at whatever age he, or she, may enter the institution. The most approved and modern methods are sought out and utilized in developing the student's capabilities, talents, and individuality. The utmost care is given to the development of a good touch, a sensitive ear, rhythmical accuracy and stability, and a proper understanding of musical phrasing and expression. The scientific principles underlying the technical methods of the modern pianist are fully explained and applied. While the standard classical composers are drawn upon for the greater

part of the piano curriculum, the more modern romantic school is by no means neglected. The conservatory recognizes the fact that pianists of the present day should be versatile and many-sided in their artistic attainments, and to this end the piano course is planned from its most elementary stage. The method of instruction is based principally upon private lessons. The best results are obtained only by individual attention to the needs, and careful study of the artistic, mental, and physical capacity of each pupil.

During the last year, students in the teachers' course will pursue the studies having a direct bearing on the best methods of imparting musical knowledge, and will survey in a general and systematic way the materials for musical education from the beginning to the attainment of a certain degree of proficiency. In order to make the instruction given in this department thoroughly practical, pupils of various grades are utilized, thus affording the normal students the great advantage of doing actual teaching under the supervision of the experienced master.

### Preparatory School

Hand culture and gymnastic exercises to secure muscular control of arm, wrist, and fingers. Foundation technical exercises based on the Leschetizky system for the cultivation of the touch and for the formation of the hand and preparation for the proper execution of scales, arpeggios, and octaves.

*Etudes:* Loeschhorn, Gurlitt, Herz, Kullak, Pischna, Krause.

*Etudes:* Op. 45 and 46, Heller.

*Studies on Touch:* Wieck.

*Sonatinas:* Clementi, Dussek, and Kuhlau.

*Sonatas:* Haydn and Mozart.

Classic and modern compositions.

### Freshman and Sophomore Years

Advanced technical studies, scales, arpeggios, broken chords, octaves.

*Technical Studies:* Pischna and Joseffy.

*Studies in Velocity and The Art of Finger Dexterity:* Czerny.

*Two and Three-Voiced Inventions:* Bach.

*Octave Studies:* Kullak.

*Etudes:* Cramer.

*Sonatas and Pieces:* Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Händel, Weber, Schubert, Schumann, Mendelssohn, Chopin; and compositions by modern composers.

Sight playing and ensemble class work.

### Junior and Senior Years

*Technical Studies:* Phillip.

*Gradus ad Parnassum:* Clementi.

*English Suites and Well-Tempered Clavichord:* Bach.

*Etudes:* Chopin, Liszt, Rubinstein, Henselt, Moszkowski, etc.

*Pieces and Concertos:* Beethoven, Chopin, Schumann, Brahms, Saint-Saens, Liszt, etc.

Accompanying; sight playing; ensemble class work.

### Post Graduate or Artists' Class

The artist school is especially designed for students who, having gained a theoretical knowledge, thorough and fundamental, and technical ability, are able to study the greatest works of classic and modern composers, and who desire to reach a higher standard of excellence as artists. The intellectual and other artistic requirements are considerably greater than those for graduation. One object of this course is to provide the student artist with a varied repertoire suited to his musical individuality and to his needs as a public performer.

## ORGAN

PROFESSOR SHEPARD

### Freshman Year

Students must complete the preparatory school of the piano course before admission is granted to the organ school.

Lemmen's *Organ School*; Nilson's *Pedal Studies*; Guilman's *Practical Organist*; and smaller compositions for the church. The acquiring of an organ touch, both legato and staccato playing, and a systematic course of pedal playing. Choir accompanying and such work in improvisation and modulation as is essential to the ordinary church organist.



## Sophomore and Junior Years

*Preludes, Fugues, and Choral Vorspiele* of Bach. Easier Sonatas of German and French schools. Church and concert music of all countries. Improvisations in the various forms and the playing of elaborate services, including the arrangement of piano accompaniments for the organ and the reading at sight of vocal scores. A comparative study of the organ and organ music of all countries, with illustrations. Theoretical harmony and analysis, and ear-training. Lectures on the history and construction of the organ in addition to the regular lectures on music and history.

## Senior Year

The greatest sonatas and symphonies of all schools; the greater works of Bach and Liszt; and a study of the early compositions for organ and concertos with orchestral accompaniment. Theoretical counterpoint and canon; analysis of sonatas and fugues.

## VOICE

PROFESSOR BISHOP

The course of study in this department includes:

(1) A thorough study of the essential principles of voice production and vocal technique, consisting of the correct use of breath, intonation, legato, accent, phrasing, and enunciation.

(2) A systematic study of the best vocal compositions, including works of the Italian, French, German, and English schools.

Careful attention is paid to the needs of each student, the course of instruction being based on the Italian school of training the voice. The purpose is to develop beautiful tone and an intelligent and artistic style of interpretation.

It is impossible to give a specified course of study, as the course necessarily varies for each student. The outline below indicates, in a general way, the character and extent of the work.



### First Year

Preparatory work: Placing of tone; correct breathing; chest development; proper position in singing.

Studies: Vaccai: *Italian Exercises*; vowels and technical work, songs of moderate difficulty, with special attention given to phrasing, enunciation, and rhythm.

### Second Year

Technical work continued. Studies: Vaccai; Bordogni; Marchesi: *Italian Exercises*. The study of interpretation of songs and ballads from the best of the German, Italian, French, English, and American composers. Oratorio.

### Third Year

More difficult studies in vocal technic. Artistic interpretation of songs of the classic literature of all schools. Songs of Schubert, Schumann, Franz, Brahms, and others.

### Fourth Year

The Opera: Study of the recitative and aria from the works of Mozart, Gluck, Verdi, Gounod, Massenet, Wagner, and others.

The Oratorio: Händel, Haydn, Beethoven, Mendelssohn, Parker, Chadwick, and others.

### Chorus

An opportunity is given to students to join a choral study class and an opera class, and to become familiar with these branches of musical literature. College students are admitted free of charge. Applicants will be required to have their voices tested and must have some knowledge of reading vocal music at sight. All students in the Voice Department must become members of the Choral Society, unless excused by the director.

## OTHER MUSIC

Instruction is given in other instruments, such as violin, guitar, and mandolin.

General music work is open to all students, as well as classes for beginners and advanced students in chorus work.

There are a Men's Glee Club and a Choral Society under the direction of Professor Bishop, and an Orchestra and Mandolin Club directed by Miss Willson.

Public recitals are occasionally given.

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES

(For a Semester of 18 Weeks)

Pianoforte, 18 one-hour lessons (Mr. Shepard).....	\$54.00
Pianoforte, 18 half-hour lessons (Mr. Shepard).....	27.00
Pianoforte, 36 half-hour lessons (Mr. Shepard and Miss Willson alternating).....	40.50
Pianoforte, 18 half-hour lessons (Miss Willson).....	13.50
Vocal lessons, 18 half-hour lessons.....	27.00
Vocal lessons, 36 half-hour lessons.....	54.00
Vocal lessons, 3 in class, 18 lessons.....	18.00
Piano practice, 1 hour per day.....	4.00
Music Theory: the same as private lessons. In classes the amount will be divided according to the number in the class.	
Lessons in mandolin and guitar, 18 lessons.....	13.50

## Department of Physical Education and Military Training

MR. FRIES, Physical Director

The purpose of this department is to create and foster a condition of vigorous health among the students of the college. Directed physical exercise is required of all students in their freshman and sophomore years. Four credits in this department are required for graduation.

### The System of Exercises

All work is graded, systematic, and thorough, with the game or contest idea predominating for both men and women. A wholesome spirit of class rivalry is stimulated by class games and contests held at frequent intervals. In the fall and spring, outdoor games engage the attention of all students. For the young women there are tennis, baseball, and basket-ball; for young men, football, tennis, basket-ball, baseball, and track work. Each branch of sport terminates in a tournament or meet for class championship and honors.

For the less robust students, games requiring less physical exertion are provided. Common physical defects are corrected by special exercises, the purpose in all the work being to build up, strengthen, and keep strong the physical body as an aid to the proper development of the mind.

### The Gymnasium

Carroll College possesses a modern and well equipped gymnasium. It measures 40 x 73 feet, is eighteen feet in height, and is finished in Georgia pine. The gymnasium, together with the dressing rooms and shower bath, occupy the ground floor of Voorhees Hall. There are windows on three sides affording sufficient sunlight, and careful attention is given to ventilation. The inside lighting is by caged electric lights. There are two handball courts in the gymnasium, and a basket-ball court. Above the gymnasium floor is a running track, and a punching bag platform.

## The Equipment

The apparatus includes everything necessary for indoor athletics. In connection with the gymnasium are the bath-rooms provided with shower baths, and with a sufficient supply of hot and cold water. Adjoining the men's bathroom is the dressing room for the members of the athletic teams.

## Intercollegiate Athletics

The students of the college engage in football, basketball, baseball, and track athletics. Carroll is a member of the Wisconsin Intercollegiate Athletic Association and participates each year in a number of contests with neighboring colleges. Carroll College stands for clean, wholesome athletics and adheres to the spirit, as well as the letter, of the regulations adopted by the conference colleges. While the college lends every encouragement to intercollegiate athletics, it requires that this work be subordinated to regular work of the school. All intercollegiate contests are under the direction of the athletic association and the athletic committee of the faculty. No student who is deficient in any of his work will be permitted to participate in any intercollegiate contests.

## Military Training

In the present time of need of provision for national defense, the college has sought to apply itself and its efforts to such need. To this end courses in military training have been given and students required to participate in such training. The proximity of St. John's Military Academy, only a few miles away on the electric line, at Delafield, Wisconsin, makes it possible to secure from that excellent institution the most competent officers and instructors for the conduct of this work. Extensive drill in company and squad movements and in the manual of arms is given and courses in various phases of military science have been planned and conducted.

## General Information

### STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

Several voluntary organizations among the students serve to direct into useful channels the various phases of student interest and activity.

#### The Student Senate

The Student Senate is a committee composed of representatives from various designated groups of students, and representing in general the organized body of college students, or the "Assembly of Carroll Students." It considers matters of student interest and welfare, and makes recommendations to the Faculty and Student Assembly. It serves as an agency whereby student sentiment and initiative may be given expression and brought to bear upon the determination of matters of college policy and practice.

#### Student House Government Association

Definite questions of discipline and house government in the women's dormitory are regulated by the Student House Government Association. The administration of the constitution of this organization is centered in a House Council, composed entirely of students, and an Advisory Board, consisting of the Dean of Women and her associate. The result of placing these problems of government in the hands of the young women has been to develop in a high degree those qualities of responsibility and dependability which are demanded of the college-trained woman.

#### Christian Associations

Two very active and prosperous Christian organizations, one the Young Men's Christian Association, the other the Young Women's Christian Association, provide a very pleasant center for the religious life of the college. These associations have their meetings for one-half hour at noon on Wednesdays, the young men and young women meeting in their separate halls.

This meeting is frequently addressed by some member of the faculty or by one of the pastors or Christian workers of the city. These several services furnish the occasion and means of very great help and inspiration to all who attend, and they also promote a delightful Christian spirit in the life of the college.

These societies have provided and furnished attractive and homelike rooms for study and reading and conference, and welcome here all students of the college.

In addition to these a very active Young Peoples' Society of Christian Endeavor has been organized and maintained for several years. It has its weekly meetings on Sunday evenings and has been very effective in promoting religious activities among the students of the college.

Another organization for Christian culture is the Student Volunteer Missionary Band in which the missionary interest of the college finds its center and occasion for expression.

### Musical Clubs

The musical organizations of the college, the Men's Glee Club, Choral Society, the Orchestra, and Mandolin Club, supplement in a very practical way the work of the musical department of the college, and afford valuable training in chorus and orchestra work. A concert tour is made each year by the Glee Club and Orchestra.

### Literary Societies

Two societies for literary culture—Adelphi for young men, and Athena for young women—provide centers and stimulus for the impulse to independent, original literary expression. Their work consists of debates, studies of individual authors, orations, papers, book reviews, and discussions of events of present interest. They have furnished and equipped in attractive manner the halls provided for their use in Rankin Hall of Science.

### Phi Alpha Tau

Phi Alpha Tau is an honorary fraternity, membership in which is conferred for distinguished work in any one or more of the forensic activities of the college.



### Oratorical League

The Carroll College Oratorical League is composed of representatives of the college classes, and has control of the local debates and oratorical contests. Two preliminary contests, and one final contest, in oratory are held each year. The winners in the final contest are the representatives of the college in the annual contest of the Wisconsin Intercollegiate Oratorical Association.

### Fraternities and Sororities

Several fraternities and sororities exist among the young men and women of the college. These are under the supervision of the faculty through the provision that each must have as adviser a faculty member, and that membership in them must be subject to faculty approval. They have proved themselves wholesome influences in college life in that they have been centers and agencies of social culture and sources of stimulus and incentive to effort in all departments of college life and activity.

### Witawentin

Witawentin is an organization, membership in which is open to all young women of the college. Its purpose is to provide opportunity for wholesome association and social culture and specifically to promote such a social life as shall make its members more proficient in the fine art of living together.

### Athletic Association

The Athletic Association represents the organized athletic interests of the college. Under its auspices the intercollegiate games in which the college participates are carried on. Detailed information of the athletic work of the college will be found in the statement of the Department of Physical Education.

## PUBLICATIONS

### The Carroll Echo

The *Carroll Echo* is edited and published by a staff appointed by the Echo Board of Control, which in turn is elected by the four college classes, and which has general supervision of the policy and conduct of the paper. The work in connection with



this publication is co-ordinated with the academic work of the college, especially with courses in composition, and college credit, under reasonable restrictions, is given for it.

### Hinakaga

The junior class issues annually *Hinakaga*, a publication richly illustrated and representing all the varied interests of college life.

### The Bulletin

*The Bulletin* is issued bi-monthly by the faculty of the college.

## PUBLIC WORSHIP

A general convocation of the college is held at mid-day of each day that college is in session. A part of the time of this assembly is given to devotional purposes and a part to the presentation and discussion of matters of interest and importance to the college community.

The college maintains no regular Sunday service, but the churches of the city are glad to welcome the students to their fellowship and each student is expected to find a place in one of these churches.

## LECTURES

At frequent intervals lectures are given in the college chapel by men of note and distinction in the professions and in the various departments of business activity, an arrangement which affords the student the stimulus of contact with men who are leaders in thought and action.

## UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIP

The faculty of Carroll College is authorized by the University of Wisconsin to appoint each year a member of the graduating class of the college to a graduate scholarship in the University. This scholarship affords the incumbent an income of \$225 annually.

## PRIZES

The Board of Temperance of the Presbyterian Church has authorized the faculty of Carroll College to offer to the students of the college an annual prize of twenty-five dollars for the two best orations on some phase of the temperance problem.

## SOCIAL LIFE

The demands of young people for recreation and their need of social culture and enjoyment receive recognition and encouragement. Students are given as much liberty in social affairs as is consistent with the standard of scholarship maintained and with the responsibility of the faculty for their welfare. Social events, in which members of the school participate, and class parties, are usually restricted to Friday and Saturday evenings, and are always under the supervision of the faculty.

## EXTRA-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

In order to provide a wholesome and necessary limitation upon student participation in the various extra-curricular activities of college life and at the same time to secure a more equitable distribution of the opportunities afforded by such interests, the following regulations have recently been adopted by co-ordinate action of faculty and students:

The extra curricular activities of the college are arranged on the basis of "units" or "points," these units representing the approximate amount of time and attention attached to participation in each of these interests.

Young men of the college are permitted a maximum of six units per week in the course of the year, with a maximum of five at one time. Young women are allowed a maximum of five units in the year, with a maximum of four at one time.

The following table represents the value attached to each student activity:

Y. W. C. A. President	2	Play—Major Part	1
Y. M. C. A. President	2	Minor Part	0.5
Member of either Cabinet	1	Class President	0.5
President Athletic Association	0.5	Phi Alpha Tau Member	0.5
Football Manager	2	Officer of State Oratorical League	0.5
Basketball Manager	1	State Oratorical Contestant	2
Track Manager	1	Home Oratorical Contestant	1
Football Player	2	Debate Manager	0.5
Basketball Player	2	Inter-Collegiate Debater	2
Track Man	1	Inter-Class Debater	1
President of Student Senate	1	Literary Society President	1
Member of Senate	0.5	Literary Society Member	0.5
Editor of <i>Echo</i>	2	Glee Club Member	1.5
Member of <i>Echo</i> Staff	1	Orchestra Member	1.5
President of Y. P. S. C. E.	1	Editor of <i>Hinakaga</i>	2
Member of Cabinet	0.5	Member of Staff	0.5
President of Girls' Athletic Association	0.5	President of Student House	
May Day Chairman	1	Government Association	1

## BOOK STORE

A college book store is maintained, on the ground floor of Main Hall, where books and other necessary supplies may be obtained at reasonable prices.

## EXPENSES

## College Fees

The college year consists of 36 weeks and is divided into two semesters. Tuition bills are due in advance. No reduction is made for brief absences. If the tuition is not paid within two weeks of the beginning of the semester, \$1.00 is added. The rates are as follows:

College:

Tuition, per year, \$70.00.

Athletic, oratory, and *Echo* fees, per year, \$6.50.

Graduation fee, \$5.00

The fixed concession in fees to special classes, including clergymen, has been discontinued.

## Laboratory Fees

In all laboratory courses small fees are charged to cover the cost of material used in the laboratory. The fees, per semester, are as follows:

Chemistry: \$5.00.

Biology 21: \$1.00.

Biology 13, 14, 19, 23: \$2.00.

Biology 15: \$1.00 per hour of credit.

Biology 11, 12, 17, 20: \$3.00.

Biology 16: \$4.00.

Biology 22: \$5.00 for entire course.

Home Economics: Cost of material.

Physics: \$3.00.

Photography: \$5.00.

Mineralogy: \$2.50.

Geology 11: \$1.00.

Surveying: \$3.50.

An annual breakage deposit of \$5.00 in Chemistry will be required of each student. This deposit, or such part of it as

has not been charged against the student for breakage, will be refunded at the close of the year.

Laboratory fees must be paid in advance. Under no conditions will they be refunded.

### Living Expenses for Men

A very important part of the expenses for students is the cost of living; therefore every effort is made to keep this as low as possible. Excellent rooms, convenient to the college, may be had at from seventy-five cents to \$2.00 per week. Table board may be obtained in private families at a rate similar to that charged by the college.

### Living Expenses for Women

The rooms of the Elizabeth Voorhees Dormitory are single and double, or may be used en suite. Each occupant of a room has her own closet. The price of rooms, including heating and lighting, ranges from \$18.50 to \$31.50 per semester. The rate for table board is \$4.50 per week, subject to change. Rooms are furnished with college cot, mattress, pillow, study chairs, dresser with mirror, wash stand, bowl and pitcher. The floors are of hard wood and students desiring rugs may furnish them. Bedding, window curtains, couch covers, table covers, napkins, and all other articles of convenience or adornment are furnished by each student.

Single rooms are 9 x 13 feet, and double rooms 12½ x 13½ feet; windows, 38 x 64 inches; study tables, 2 x 3 feet.

Application for admission should be made early. A deposit of \$5.00 is required from those engaging rooms, and a choice will be made according to such application. The deposit may be returned if the engagement is cancelled three weeks before the opening of the semester.

### Opportunities for Self-Help

There are many opportunities in the city for self-help. Most students desiring to help themselves can secure a considerable portion of their expenses during the year. Several young ladies find opportunities as helpers in homes for their board, and young men are able to find work in the homes, offices and factories of the city.

## SUPERVISION

While it is the purpose of the college to encourage self-government and to grant to students as much freedom as is consistent with their best interests and with the good order of the school yet it is deemed necessary that students should be at all times under the supervision of the faculty.

Non-resident young women are required to live in the dormitory unless special permission to live elsewhere be given by the faculty.

Whenever it becomes apparent that a student's influence is harmful to other students, he will be requested by the faculty to leave the school.

Students who have not at least a fair ability to acquire knowledge, and a reasonable willingness to study, will not be allowed to remain in the school.

## Study Hours

Students are required to keep regular study hours, setting apart at least two hours each evening, or the equivalent of this, for home study. Social affairs are discouraged on the first four evenings of the school week. Social gatherings must be reported to the President in advance and his approval secured.

## Examinations and Grades

Such tests and recitation period examinations are given from time to time as instructors may think necessary. At the close of each semester, four days are set apart, on which instructors give examinations covering a part, or the whole, of the semester's work. Full reports, embracing the work of each semester, are sent to the parents for their inspection.

The examinations given at the end of each semester together with the recitation record and tests given by the instructors at suitable times during the semester form the basis for a final semester standing. These standings are recorded with the letters A, B, C, D, E, and F. A, B, C, and D represent passing grades, E a condition, and F a failure. A condition may be removed by examination taken not later than the end of the semester following that in which it was incurred. A record of failure requires that the study be taken again in class recitation.

Any student who shall be absent from any examination, quiz, or test, or who shall have forfeited his class standing by absence or otherwise, shall be required to take a special examination and to pay a fee of one dollar for such examination.

When a student has failed or has been conditioned in a subject the work should be completed at as early a date as possible, and such work must take precedence over elective or advanced work.

A condition not removed during the semester following that in which it is imposed becomes a failure. All failures and conditions must be made up before a degree will be granted.

## Attendance

Students must be prompt and regular in attendance. Tardiness and absence are fatal to good work. Persistence in these habits cannot be tolerated. The authorities of the college believe that the measure of value which the student derives from his work is adequately estimated, not by written examinations alone, but also by his presence and attention in the daily class exercises. Work may be made up; thus the daily grade is raised, but a deduction must be made from the final grade of the semester.

Students are required to attend the daily chapel service, and a morning service on Sunday in the church of their choice, determined at their entrance.

The number of absences permissible in each semester without loss of credit is equal to the number of hours for which the study is scheduled per week, eight from chapel, and three from church. For every excess absence from any recitation, from chapel, or from church, a deduction of one honor credit is made. When the excess absences from recitation in any subject equal its number of weekly hours, the student will be dropped from the course. When the excess absences from chapel exceed five, a deduction of five honor credits will be made for each absence above the five. When the excess absences from church exceed two, a deduction of five honor credits will be made for each absence above the two.

If, for any good reason, a student is excused from attendance at chapel service, he will be required to make ten honor



credits per semester in addition to the number required of all students, which is sixteen.

Any absence immediately before or immediately after a vacation shall equal four incurred at any other time.

No student is permitted to drop a study without permission from the faculty. A study so dropped without permission will be recorded as a failure.

## Degrees Conferred, 1916-1917

### Bachelor of Arts

Hettie Madeline Albright  
Gertrude Irene Alexander  
Kathryn Clyde Davis  
Grace Imogen Evans  
Evelyn Leona Hamilton  
Ruth Cleland Haylett  
Hazel Wright Johnston  
Margaret Johnstone  
Jessie Miriam Link  
Vera McKee  
Elsie Jean McNamara  
Margaret Mills  
Lilian Neubecker  
Vida Richardson  
Ida Stephens  
Harriet Stroh  
Charis Strong  
Alice Sweemer

Harriet Sweemer  
Hazel Van Vranken  
Marjorie Van Wart  
Ida Wied  
Gladys Irene Worden  
Esther Adelaide Young  
Henry Breck Ackley  
Lester Jackson Johnson  
Charles Clarence Kellar  
George Winfield Kuhlman  
Arthur Lloyd McLean  
George Charles Mohlke  
Louis Raymond Mundt  
Adelbert William Peck  
Harold Walter Pettingill  
Jay Merrill Shepard  
Herbert Frank Sydow  
Edwin P. Westphal

# Roll of Students

## COLLEGE

### Seniors

Adams, Frances Drake	Chicago, Ill.
Benson, Alice Edith	Chicago, Ill.
Bibby, Gwynifred Jane	Galesville
Biersack, Marge Frances	Beaver Dam
Bloom, Maud Evelyn	Spencer
Burrow, Alice Lenore	Beaver Dam
Dockstader, Dorothy Virginia	Sioux Falls, S. D.
Hood, Marion Winifred	Waukesha
Judin, Helen Edith	Waukesha
MacNeil, Ruth Florence	Horicon
Ritchie, Mary Young	Rice Lake
Roth, Eda S.	Superior
Rudolph, Verna Florence	Manitowoc
Sebert, Elsie A.	Black Earth
Vance, Dorothy Barbara	Chicago, Ill.
Vincent, Vera Elizabeth	Waukesha
Weaver, Glenn Gertrude	Pewaukee
Werbke, Dorothy Lucile	Oshkosh
White, Madeline Gertrude	Eau Claire
Davies, Bertram Langford	Merrill
Dewey, Merrill	Lake Mills
Hansen, David Edwin	Waukesha
Herzog, Louis W.	Waukesha
Jones, Nelson Lynne	Lake Mills
Tanghe, Walter Joseph	Milwaukee

### Juniors

Bergholte, Eileen M.	Waukesha
Brickels, Dorothy Jessie	Waukesha
Carnahan, Elsie Estelle	Waukesha
Davies, Catherine Nye	Waukesha
Hudnall, Marjorie Wallace	Milwaukee
Juza, Mildred Arvona	Waukesha

Kline, Ruth Doreen	Waukesha
Lau, Erna S.	Hartford
LeSuer, Stella Almera	Baraboo
Levine, Aimée	Waukesha
Lohuis, Katherine Henrietta	Cedar Grove
Nesbitt, Edith Winifred	Oxford
Richards, Margaret Jane	Columbus
Ritchie, Annabelle	Rice Lake
Thomas, Marian	Columbus
Tower, Marion	Galesville
Tubbs, Marion E.	Elkhorn
Weller, Corra Radke	Oshkosh
Will, Evadne Belle	Waukesha
Fontaine, Earl Clayton	Cedar Grove
Graaskamp, Clifford J.	Milwaukee
Hanson, Felix John	Waukesha
Henke, Harold Eugene	Baraboo
Holmes, William M.	Baraboo
Lueck, Roger Hawkes	La Crosse
Peterson, Raymond Neil	Waupaca
Peterson, Harold William	Waupaca
Reid, Chalmers Potter	Sioux City, Ia.
Riegel, Robert Edgar	Neenah

### Sophomores

Calvert, Christina Elizabeth	Cambridge
Campbell, Eleanora Esther	Waukesha
Dana, Marguerite Conrad	West Allis
Diekvoss, Ida A.	Waukesha
Ford, Edna M.	Fond du Lac
George, Jessica Elizabeth	Janesville
Grilli, Emma Myra	Chicago, Ill.
Holzinger, Lillian Esther	Lancaster
Klass, Frances Elfrieda	Oconto
Mills, Gladys	Wales
Older, Leone Florence	Portage
Stroh, Elizabeth Rumsey	Waukesha
Tipple, Florence Estella	Oregon
White, Laura Edna	Racine

Wooster, Ethel Margaret	Avon, Ill.
Allston, Thomas Raymond	Pittsburg, Pa.
Bond, Arthur Stanley	Oconto
Christoph, Stanley Julius	Waukesha
De Lacey, Eugene Beverly	Waukesha
Hays, Robert Willson	Milwaukee
Hill, Wilford Perkins	Dousman
Houmes, Cornelius	Sheboygan
Howland, Donald Stewart	Reedsburg
Johnstone, William Wycoff	Oak Park, Ill.
Kellar, George Morton	Cloquet, Minn.
Liebler, Millard Walthur	New York, N. Y.
MacMillan, John William	Oconto
Martin, Anselmo Joseph	Chicago, Ill.
Merriman, Cecil Hiram	Oxford
Moss, Walter King	Milwaukee
Niven, Thomas R.	Chicago, Ill.
Noble, Russell St. Lawrence	Waukesha
Nott, Herman Aldrich	Milwaukee
Prange, Erich B.	Reedsburg
Thiele, Carl Fred	Green Bay
Young, William Lindsay	Chicago, Ill.

## Freshmen

Breese, Gertrude Elizabeth	Waukesha
Burnham, Lois	Superior
Carroll, Estelle Josephine	Racine
Collins, Veda	Reedsburg
Davis, Lillian	Waukesha
Dobson, Lucille Camilla	Rochester
England, Margaret Louise	Waukesha
Fitchie, Maude Frances	Elgin, Ill.
Gollmar, Leora Fidelia	Baraboo
Gorder, Lalla Miller	Waukesha
Hermes, Charlotte Jean	Racine
Huenink, Wilma Katherine	Cedar Grove
Jeffery, Ethel	Menomonee Falls
Mattas, Ruth Rose	Chicago, Ill.
MacAdams, Stella Marie	Mukwonago

McKenzie, Mary-Leone	Itasca, Ill.
Merrill, Evangeline Natalie	Alma Center
Miller, Inga Charlotte	Waupaca
Noll, Cora Elizabeth	Waterford
Schroeder, Alice	Manitowoc
Smith, Martha Jane	Dayton, Ohio
Tichenor, Helen Elizabeth	Waukesha
Wilson, Carolyn Maxine	Hebron, Ill.
Andrus, Abner Mirton	Oxford
Batha, Vincent Procopine	Phillips
Balcom, Walden Ervin	Waukesha
Bird, Edward Macey	Superior
Bolingbroke, Arthur W.	Milwaukee
Brunette, Vernon Launcelot	Green Bay
Burnside, George	Neenah
Daane, Cornelius	Oostburg
Elliott, William Gibson	Escanaba, Mich.
Fischer, Charles Frank	Oconto
Fontaine, Le Mont Erwin	Cedar Grove
Fulrath, Lynn Carr	Davenport, Ia.
Gerken, Ross	Waukesha
Gleason, Clyde Walter	Portage
Greenwood, Claude	Green Bay
Hanson, Melvin Arthur	Waterford
Held, Rutherford R.	Milwaukee
Hertz, Clyde Edward	Marquette
Hollender, Rynold Fred	Packwaukee
Jones, David Caradoc	Cambria
Junemann, Harold Ernest	Waukesha
La Chapelle, Harold	Green Bay
Lloyd, John	Waukesha
Mann, Clark Eroll	Waukesha
Mishler, Maxwell James	Mt. Morris, Ill.
Nesbitt, John	Oxford
Pelterson, Peter	Oconto
Rodgers, Paul John	Waukesha
Schultz, Roderick Helm	Baraboo
Smith, Donald Putney	Waukesha
Soulen, Roswelle Beuer	Phillips



Stanford, Warren T.	Ishpeming, Mich.
Sylvester, Richard Lawrence	Waukesha
Tyler, Howard M.	Glidden
Will, Robert	Waukesha
Walker, Stuart	Milwaukee
Yandell, Benjamin F.	Charlotte, N. C.
Young, Harvey Patten	Neenah
Zepp, Orville Leo	Edgar

### Special

Albertson, Elvia J.	Milwaukee
Allston, Hazel Irene	Pittsburg, Pa.
Baker, Rilla Belle	Ironwood, Mich.
Estberg, Kathleen	Milwaukee
Pankratz, Helen Agnes	Waukesha
Ihrig, Charles Montelith	Waukesha
Roberts, Ellis Wynn	Wild Rose
Salit, Zigmund	Madison
Schroeder, Oscar	Glidden

## MUSIC DEPARTMENT

### Piano

Allston, Hazel Irene	Pittsburg, Pa.
Baker, Rilla Belle	Ironowod, Mich.
Baldwin, Helen	Waukesha
Bergholte, Eileen M.	Waukesha
Benson, Alice Edith	Chicago, Ill.
Boyde, Charlotte Jeanette	Waukesha
Boyde, Helen	Waukesha
Breese, Gertrude Elizabeth	Waukesha
Burrow, Alice	Beaver Dam
Dana, Marguerite	West Allis
Edwards, Margaret	Nashotah
Estberg, Frances	Waukesha
Fraser, Margaret	Waukesha
Goff, Dorothy	Waukesha
Goff, Elizabeth	Waukesha
Gollmar, Leora Fidellia	Baraboo

Guberlet, Muriel	Waukesha
Hudnall, Marjorie	Milwaukee
Hughes, Mildred	Wales
Jacob, Janet Elizabeth	Waukesha
Jorden, Louise	Waukesha
Jolliffe, Lucille	Palmyra
Kelley, Marie	Waukesha
Kimball, Dorothy	Waukesha
Krueger, Hazel	Dousman
Lau, Erna Selma	Hartford
Lee, Maude	Waukesha
Levine, Aimée	Waukesha
Martin, Helen	Waukesha
Mathews, Eunice	Waukesha
Meyers, Della	Waukesha
Patchen, Jane	Waukesha
Pankratz, Helen	Waukesha
Putz, Doris	Waukesha
Rhine, Maude	Waukesha
Sederholm, Louise	Genesee
Spraesser, Minnie	Watertown
Tuigvay, Grace	Waukesha
Waga, Marjorie	Waukesha
Werbke, Dorothy	Oshkosh
Wright, Laura	Waukesha
Wilson, Marian	Waukesha
Williams, Jane	Wales
Wycoff, June	Waukesha
Wycoff, Pearl	Waukesha
Young, Theresa Kruger	Chicago, Ill.
Zickerick, Zona	Waukesha
Clark, Lawrence	Waukesha
Hays, Robert Willson	Milwaukee
Jackson, Ralph	Waukesha
Henke, Eugene	Baraboo
Kelley, John	Waukesha
Strong, Paul	Waukesha
Strong, Ingham	Waukesha
Zickerick, William	Waukesha

## Voice

Baker, Rilla Belle	Ironwood, Mich.
Blaising, Pearl	Waukesha
Ford, Edna M.	Fond du Lac
Graniche, Edith	Waukesha
Huenink, Wilma Katherine	Cedar Grove
Kline, Mabel	Waukesha
Lau, Laura	Waukesha
Le Suer, Stella	Baraboo
Levine, Aimée	Waukesha
Putz, Irene	Waukesha
Roth, Eda	Superior
Stroh, Elizabeth	Waukesha
Wilson, Carolyn	Hebron, Ill.
Putz, Arthur	Waukesha

## String Instruments and Orchestra

Bloom, Maud	Spencer
Grow, Helen	Waukesha
Hadfield, Leola	Waukesha
Holt, Louise	Waukesha
Krueger, Hazel	Dousman
Thomas, Marian	Columbus
Wycoff, Pearl	Waukesha
Love, John	Waukesha
O'Brien, Evelyn	Waukesha
Osmund, Le Roy	Waukesha
Gutheil, Byron	Waukesha
Geshay, John	Waukesha
Peterson, John George	Waukesha
Riegel, Robert	Neenah
Salit, Zigmund	Madison
Williams, David	Wales

## SUMMARY OF STUDENTS

## College :

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